THE COLUMBIAN
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED
Published weekly, every Friday morning, at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.
$2.00 per year, payable in advance, or during the first month after the expiration of the year at $2.50 during. To subscribers out of the county who pay $2 per year strictly in advance—$2.25 if paid in advance, and $2.50 if payment be delayed during the year.
No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.
Papers sent out of the State, or to distant post-offices, must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.
POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING
The Printing Department of The Columbian is well supplied, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the largest offices. All work done in a neat, tasty and workmanlike manner, and at reasonable prices.

HENRY L. DIEFFENBACH,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 8, 1875.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. IX., NO. 1
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XXXVIII, NO. 4

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in space,) one insertion, $1.00; one of 3, two insertions, $1.50; one of 3, three insertions, $2.00.

SPACE.	1M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.50	$5.00	$4.00	$6.00
Two inches	4.00	5.00	7.00	9.00
Three inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00
Four inches	6.00	8.00	11.00	17.00
Quarter column	10.00	12.00	15.00	25.00
Half column	16.00	18.00	30.00	40.00
One column	30.00	34.00	45.00	70.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid before inserted, except where parties have accounts.
Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.
Executors', Administrators' and Auditors' Notices three dollars.
Transient or Local notices, twenty cents per line; regular advertisers and others.
Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—Grant Goodrich, James S. Mallery.
Prothonotary, &c.—B. Frank Hart.
Register & Recorder—Jonathan H. Jacobs.
D. A. Attorney—John G. Freeze.
Sheriff—Michael Zarfoss.
Surveyor—Isaac Howell.
Treasurer—John Snyder.
Commissioners—William Lawrence, John Brower, Jonathan Ent.
Commissioners' Clerk—William Kreisher, jun.
Auditors—C. J. Campbell, John K. Ohl, A. S. Smith.
Coroner—Charles G. Mayer.
Jury Commissioners—James H. Fritz, William H. Ent.
County Superintendent—Wm. D. Snyder.
Mercantile Appraiser—Jonathan Yorks.
Janitor—Peter Diehl.
Directors of the Poor—Jacob Fisher, Wm. Kreisher, Benjamin Hendrickson and Thomas McKinney.
Solicitor—D. F. Ent, Secretary.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President; H. Ikeler, Cashier.
First National Bank—Chas. H. Paxson, President; J. F. Smith, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Mining Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President; C. W. Hinckley, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President; A. D. Johnson, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. Brower, President; C. G. Barkley, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sabbath Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sabbath School—2 p. m.
Prayer Meeting—Wednesday evenings.
Seats free; no pew rented; strangers welcome.

ST. MATTHEW'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. J. H. Williams.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Prayer Meeting—Wednesday evenings, 7½ p. m.
Seats free; no pew rented; all are welcome.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin—Supply.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7 p. m.
Sabbath School—2 p. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.
Seats free.
The public are invited to attend.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. W. S. Bucklingham.
Pastor—Rev. J. B. Hartzell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sabbath School—2 p. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Sunday evening previous to last Sunday in each month, Love Feast.
Prayer Meeting on last Sunday evening in each month.
Persons desiring information in regard to religious matters will find him at the parsonage on Iron street.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK NOTES, which are without exception, for sale at this COLUMBIAN office.

BANK MORTGAGES for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, for sale at the COLUMBIAN office.

ATTORNEY'S BLANKS.
Attorneys visiting Bloomsburg will find a supply of blanks at the COLUMBIAN office. Attorneys' names either set or found in order.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. Also, Certificates of Death and Baptism suitable for framing. Orders filled with neatness and dispatch.

CLOTHING &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Second street, Bloomsburg.

HENRY KLEIM, cabinet-ware and chair manufactory, Main street, Bloomsburg.

E. M. KNOR, Leather, Saddlery and Shoe Findings, Main street, Bloomsburg.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main street, just below the Court House.

LOUIS BERNARD, Watch and Clock maker, near northeast corner Main and Iron streets.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MISS S. DEBORD SON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Millinery and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main and Market streets.

THE MISSES HARMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main street, below Central Hotel.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main street, above Court House.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, &c., Main street, above Market.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician, Office S. E. corner Main and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, office north side of Main, west of Iron.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, office north side Main and E. Second.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Harman's building, Main street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I. S. KEIM, dealer in Meat, Tallow, &c. Office on Centre street, between Second and Third.

C. M. CHRISTMAN & Bro., Tinners and Stove dealers, Exchange Store, Main street.

THOMAS WEBB, Confectionery and Baker, wholesale and retail. Exchange block.

C. W. CORLL, Furniture Dealer, Chair Manufactory, Main street, south of Market.

D. W. ROBBINS, Liquor dealer, second door from northeast corner Main and Iron.

E. J. THORNTON, Wall Paper Warehouse and Painter, Paper Hanger, Mottler, &c.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brownstone Works, Main street, Bloomsburg, between Second and Third.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main st.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office 2d door in the "Columbian" building.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Confectionery, Fruits, Nuts, Provisions, &c., Railroad Centre Arcade.

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

HERVEY E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
ORANGEVILLE, PA.
Office opposite James B. Harman's.
Mar. 29, '74—6m.

A. B. HERRING, Carpenter and Builder, Main street, below Pine.

DR. O. A. MUGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon, Main street, west door to Grist Mill.

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and dealer in grain, Mill street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main street, below Pine.

LIGHT STREET.

P. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above school house.

S. KNT, dealer in Stoves and Tinware in all its branches.

PETER UNT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain taken.

CATAWISSA.

ST. JOHN'S (EPISCOPAL) CHURCH.
Rector—Rev. John Dowell.
Sunday Services—Morning Prayer, 10½ a. m. Evening Service—7:30 p. m.
Holy Communion the second Sunday in the month.

DR. E. W. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, on Main street,
Mar. 7, '74—y Catawissa, Pa.

WM. I. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Negotiates promptly trade and remittal. Office in Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-s

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Main street.

F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second street, Robbins' building.

ESPY.

C. W. LEDAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory.

BUCK HORN.

M. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries and General Merchandise.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, No. 15 Market street,
Mar. 21, '74—y Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 3. Bloomsburg, Pa. July 18, '74—y

C. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House.
Jan. 1, 1874—y

C. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Hurt's Building, April 10, '71.—y

CREVELING SMITH. HERVEY EWING SMITH.
CREVELING SMITH & SON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention. July 1, '53—y

C. MACKWAY. GEORGE E. ELWELL.
MACKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention. Sept. 11, '74—y

C. T. LITTLE. FOR T. E. LITTLE
H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Practice before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. 13-y

MISCELLANEOUS.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

	Capital.
Royal of Liverpool, England	$10,000,000
Lancashire, England	3,000,000
Hartford, Connecticut	4,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	2,000,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
Hartford, Connecticut	2,000,000
Franklin, Philadelphia	400,000
Penn, Pittsburg, Pa.	1,000,000
Lycoming, Pennsylvania	500,000

THEAN BROWN, Agent.
EXCHANGE HOTEL, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
April 19, '72—y

DENTISTRY.

H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
respectfully offers the professional services to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity. Having had a number of years experience in the practice of Dentistry, he feels confident that he can render satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. Office in the Court House building, Main street, Bloomsburg. Teeth inserted on the most improved plates, either of Rubber, Gold or Silver, and all work warranted. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, which can be administered with perfect safety. Persons from a distance can have work done in a day or two. Office and residence a few doors above the Court House. Jan. 1, '75—y

J. THORNTON
would also call the attention of Housekeepers to the fact that he has just received a splendid assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS, &c.
Call at other goods to his line of business. All the latest and most approved patterns of the season are to be found in his establishment, Main street, below Market. jan. 1, '75—y

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!
SAVE YOUR MONEY!
Go to
HENRY YOST'S
in Bloomsburg, Pa., for all kinds of the best home made
FURNITURE.
Prices reasonable and the best work done. July 1, '74—tf

CONFECTIONERY AND CONFECTIONERY,
MAIN STREET BELOW MARKET.
ECKHART JACOBS
RESPECTS to call the attention of the people of Bloomsburg to his establishment, where may be found at all times the finest fresh
BREAD,
BISCUIT,
ROLLS,
CAKE,
CANDY and FANCY CONFECTIONERY,
&c., &c., &c.,
Too numerous to mention.
Ornamental Cakes furnished to order.
Parties supplied. All orders will be promptly and carefully attended to. guaranteed.
Oct. 25, '74—tf

NEW
Spring Establishment
WILLIAM Y. LESTER,
WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and surrounding country that he has opened a
First-Class Tailoring Establishment
NEW HARDWARE BUILDING,
MAIN STREET, BELOW IRON.
All Suits made for the exceedingly low price of Five Dollars and upwards.
Respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.
All orders will receive prompt attention.
Mar. 14—tf

CARDS,
WEDDING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,
POSTERS, &C., &C.
NEATLY AND QUICKLY PRINTED,

I. W. NILES'

MUSIC WAREROOMS
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE EPISCOPAL CHURCH,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
DEALER IN
PIANOS, ORGANS,
Violins, Accordions,
SHEET MUSIC,
AND ALL KINDS OF
Musical Instruments.
AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
BURDETT ORGAN.
ALSO AGENT FOR THE SWEET TONED
MANNING ORGAN,
Which I entirely new and excels all others in volume and purity of tone and Piano-like action.
Music Books for all Instruments.
HAND AND ORGAN STOOLS.
A general assortment of PICTURES and FRAMES always on hand.
Pianos tuned at short notice.
Sept. 11, '74—y I. W. NILES.

GRAND OPENING!
ELIAS MENDENHALL
HAVING resumed the business of Merchandising at his Old Store, on
MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG,
NEAR THE FORKS HOTEL,
begs to call the attention of his Friends and the public generally to his
NEW, FULL AND VARIED
STOCK OF GOODS,
JUST OPENED,
And solicits a share of public patronage.
HIS STOCK CONSISTS OF
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
WOODENWARE,
WILLOWWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
FLOUR AND FEED.
In connection with his stock of Merchandise he constantly keeps on hand in his yard,
A FULL STOCK OF
Dressed and Undressed Lumber,
AND SHINGLES OF HIS MANUFACTURE.
Bill Lumber made a speciality.
CALL AND SEE.
Oct. 3, 1873—tf.

NEW GOODS!
A HEAVY STOCK.
Cheaper than Ever!
S. H. MILLER & SON
Have Just Received
the largest and best supply of
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE
DRY GOODS,
They have ever offered to their friends and customers.
Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinetts
for MEN'S WEAR,
Cloths, Alapacas, Merinos,
for LADIES WEAR,
CALICOES, MUSLINS, CAMBRICS,
and every variety of Dry Goods desired,
Carpets, Mats Ottomans,
in great variety and at the
LOWEST CASH PRICES.
FAMILY GROCERIES,
including all the varieties of
COFFEES, TEAS and SUGARS,
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
and a general supply of articles useful for the table always on hand.
CALL AND SEE
Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.
Oct. 25, '74—tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY
FOR SALE.
THE Subscriber offers at Private Sale, on accommodating terms, a
VALUABLE FARM,
situate in Montour township, Columbia county, Pa., containing TWO HUNDRED and SEVENTY-FIVE ACRES. He will sell in a whole or in two parts as follows: One tract with the buildings, containing about one hundred and seventy acres, one fourth whereof (nothing) containing about one hundred and fifteen acres—both these tracts are mostly cleared land, with sufficient wood land for farm and building purposes—and one tract of WOOD LAND containing about forty acres. The above property will be sold in whole or as above divided. In either case the terms will be made easy—one-half or two-thirds of the purchase money can remain in the property for a number of years secured by bonds and mortgage; interest on the money as desired to be paid annually. Those wishing to purchase will apply to WM. SEAL.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 9, '74—2m

GREENWOOD SEMINARY.
NEXT TERM BEGINS
Monday, August 3d, 18[illegible]
For particulars, Address,
R. H. WHITACRE,
MILLVILLE, Pa.
June 5, '74—tf

Poetical.

Always Do To Others As You Wish To Be Done By.

We meet with many curious folks
As through the world we road:
Some who are full of fun and jokes,
While others pine and moan.
I care not whether grave or gray;
One thing we all should try,
That is "do to others, as
You'd wish to be done by."
CHORUS.—Then "hear good will to all men,"
It's easy if you'll try,
And "always do to others as
You'd wish to be done by."

Perhaps in business you've been wronged
By some "defaulting rogue,"
Or by such scamps the world is thronged,
They long have been in vogue;
Don't seek revenge on such a wretch,
But to forgive him try,
And thus you "do to others as
You'd wish to be done by."
CHORUS.—Then "hear good will to all men,"
It's easy if you'll try,
And "always do to others as
You'd wish to be done by."

If you are rich, and some "old friend"
Be "down at heel" and poor,
Well, let the bar of station bend,
And open wide your door"
To welcome him, as you were wont
"In better days gone by."
And thus do to him, poor man,
As "you'd wish to be done by."
CHORUS.—Then "hear good will to all men,"
It's easy if you'll try,
And "always do to others as
You'd wish to be done by."

I think by what I've said or sung,
In this my song to-night,
That I have proved to every one
The glorious might of right,
So let us all make this resolve,
And keep it till we die,
That is to "do to others as
We'd wish to be done by."
CHORUS.—Then "hear good will to all men,"
It's easy if you'll try,
And "always do to others as
We'd wish to be done by."

Miscellaneous.

A Good Reputation.

The young live much in the future; they are fond of gazing into its unknown depths, and of endeavoring to trace the outlines, at least of the future that awaits them. With ardent hope, with eager expectation, they anticipate the approach of coming years, when they shall be called upon the grand stage of action, confident that the future will bring to them nought but unalloyed felicity.

But they should allow their anticipations of the future to be controlled by a well-balanced judgment, and moderated by the experience of those who have gone before them. In looking to the future there is one important inquiry which the young should make: "What do I most desire to become in future life? What position am I anxious to occupy in society? What is the estimation in which I wish to be held by those within the circle of my acquaintances?"

The answer to these inquiries from the great mass of young people can well be anticipated. There are none among them who desire to be held in disrespect, and shunned by the wise and good; none who are anxious to be covered with disgrace and infamy; none who seek to be outcasts and vagabonds in the world. The thought, if they were doomed to such a condition, would fill them with alarm. Every discreet youth will exclaim, "Nothing would gratify me more than to be honored and respected as I advance in years; to move in good society; to have people seek my company rather than shun it, to be looked upon as an example for others to imitate, and to enjoy the confidence of all around me."

Sure there can be none so blind to the future, so lost to their own good, as to prefer a life of infamy and its ever accompanying wretchedness, to respectability, prosperity, and true enjoyment. But how are those to be obtained? They do not come at your bidding. You cannot reach forth your hands and take them as you would pluck the ripe fruit from the bending branch. Neither will wishing or hoping for them, shower their blessings on you, if you would obtain and enjoy them, you must labor for them, earn them. They are only secured as the well merited reward of a pure and useful life.

The first thing to be aimed at by the young, should be the establishment of a good character. In all their plans, anticipations and prospects for future years, this should form the grand starting-point, the chief corner-stone. It should be the foundation of every hope and thought of prosperity and happiness in days to come. It is the only basis on which such a hope can mature to full fruition. A good character established in the season of youth becomes a rich and productive soil to its possessor.

WHO'S BOY IS THAT.—He may be seen any day, in almost any part of the town, he never makes any room for you on the side walk, looks at you saucily, and swears smartly, if asked anything, he is very impudent and often vulgar to ladies who pass; he delights in frightening and sometimes does serious injury to little boys and girls; he lounges at the street corners, and is the first arrival at a dog fight or any other fight or scrape; he crowds in the post-office in the evening and multiplies himself and his antics at such a rate that people having legitimate business are crowded out; he thinks himself very sharp, he is mainly very noisy; he can smoke and chew now and then, and rip out an oath most any time; we ask whose boy he is. Mother, is he yours? We think he is for there are many good qualities in the lad, and we do not think you know what he does on the street. Look after him, mother; keep him more at home. Train him and you will have a son to be proud of.

ENERGY.—It is a common error to mistake more effort for energy. Where there is real power adequate to the performance of the task at hand, there will be no effort. The strong man who rushes forward and puts for all his strength may pant and tug at the burden, but either fails to accomplish the labor or does it only in a stained and awkward manner, showing plainly his wants of the requisite power. There is in connection with every form of bravery a true energy and its counterfeit. Bluster if not courage, rashness is not readiness, doggedness is not fortitude, stupidity is not patience, foolhardiness is not valor, recklessness is not magnanimity, and desperation is not self-devotion.

A father at Dubuque makes his children address him as follows, for instance:—"Most respected and revered father, I'll take another later."

An Examination of Article II, Sec. 6, of the Penn'a Constitution.

BY GEORGE E. ELWELL, ESQ., A MEMBER OF THE COLUMBIA COUNTY BAR.

Eligibility of a Member of the Legislature to appointment as U. S. Senator.

Constitution of Pa. Art. II, § 6. "No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he shall have been elected, be appointed to any civil office under this Commonwealth; and no member of Congress or other person holding any office (except of attorney-at-law or in the militia) under the United States or this Commonwealth shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office."

"*Be appointed.*"—An election by the Legislature is in constitutional language an appointment.

Constitution of Pa. of 1776, Chap. II, § 11. "Delegates to represent this State in Congress shall be chosen by ballot, by the future General Assembly, at their first meeting, annually forever afterwards, as long as such representation shall be necessary. Any Delegate may be superseded, at any time, by the General Assembly *appointing* another in his stead."

In the proceedings of the Provincial Conference, by which the Constitutional Convention of 1776 was called, appears the following Resolution, adopted June 23d, of that year:—"Resolved, That it be recommended to the said Convention to choose *and appoint* Delegates or Deputies to represent this Province in the Congress of the United Colonies, &c."

Constitution of 1776, Chap. II, § 34. "A Register's office for the probate of wills and granting letters of administration and an office for the recording of deeds shall be kept in each city and county; the officers *to be appointed* by the General Assembly, removable at their pleasure, and to be commissioned by the President in Council."

Constitution of 1790, Art. VI, § 5.—"The State Treasurer shall be *appointed* annually, by the joint vote of the members of both Houses. All other officers in the treasury department, attorneys-at-law, election officers, officers relating to taxes, to the poor and unseated lands, and other township officers, shall be *appointed* in such manner as is or shall be directed by law."

By section 8, Art. II, of same Constitution the Governor was to "appoint all officers whose offices were established by this Constitution, or should be established by law, *and were not otherwise provided for.*"

"Appointment—Designation to office." Imperial Lexicon.

The provision in the old Constitution, Art. VI, 14, that, "No member of the Senate or of the House of Representatives shall be appointed *by the Governor* to any office during the term for which he shall have been elected," is not retained in the new. Instead of the limitation of the words, "by the Governor," we have the 6th section of Art. II, so that the prohibition is no longer confined to Gubernatorial appointments, but extends to *all* civil appointments under State authority whether made by the Legislature, by the Governor, by a court or by any other appointing power established by the Constitution or laws.

Constitution of Michigan, (1850), Art. IV, § 18.—"No person elected a member of the legislature shall receive any civil appointment *within this State*, or to the Senate of the United States, from the Governor, the Governor and Senate, from the Legislature, or any other State authority, during the term for which he is elected. All such appointments, and all votes given for any such person so elected for any such office or appointment, shall be void."

Con. of Minnesota, (1857), Art. IV, § 9.—No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he is elected, hold any office under the authority of the United States, or the State of Minnesota, except that of Postmaster.

Con. of New York, (1846), Art. III, § 7.—"No member of the Legislature shall receive any civil appointment *within this State*, or to the Senate of the United States, from the Governor, the Governor and Senate, or from the Legislature, during the term for which he shall have been elected; and all such appointments, and all votes given for any such member for any such office or appointment, shall be void."

Constitution of Ohio, (1850), Art. II, § 27.—"No *appointing* power shall be exercised by the General Assembly except as prescribed in this Constitution, *and in the section of United States Senators*; and in those cases the vote shall be taken viva voce."

Constitution of New Jersey, (1844), Art. VII, § 2, clause 2.—"Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas shall *be appointed* by the Senate and General Assembly in joint meeting."

Clause 3.—"The State Treasurer and the Keepers and Inspectors of the State Prison shall *be appointed* by the Senate and General Assembly in joint meeting."

Clause 6.—"Clerks and Surrogates of counties shall be elected by the people of their respective counties."

Clause 7. "Sheriffs and coroners shall be elected annually by the people of their respective counties."

Clause 5. The Law Reporter shall be appointed by the Justices of the Supreme Court or a majority of them and the Chancery Reporter shall be appointed by the Chancellor."

Con. of Tennessee, (1870), Art. II, § 10.—"No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be eligible to any office or place of trust, the *appointment* to which is vested in the Executive *or the General Assembly*, except to the office of trustee to a literary institution."

Same Constitution, Art. III, § 14.—"When any officer, the right of whose *appointment* is by this Constitution vested in *the General Assembly* shall during the recess die, or the office by the expiration of the term or by other means become vacant, the Governor shall have power to fill such vacancy by granting a temporary commission which shall expire at the end of the next session of the Legislature."

Same Article § 17.—"A Secretary of State shall be *appointed by joint vote of the General Assembly*, and commissioned during the term of four years."

Constitution of Delaware, Art. II, § 16.—"The State Treasurer shall be *appointed* biennially by the House of Representatives with the concurrence of the Senate."

Con. North Carolina, (1868), Art. II, § 11, "In the election of all officers whose appointment shall be conferred upon the General Assembly by the Constitution, the vote shall be *viva voce*."

ART. III, § 10, "The Governor shall nominate &c. all officers &c., whose appointments are not otherwise provided for, and no such officer shall be appointed or elected by the General Assembly." [Same in Con. W. Va., Art. VII, § 8.]

Con. of Virginia, (1870), Art. VII, § 7.—"And there shall be *appointed* in the manner provided for in Art. VIII, one Superintendent of Schools." [for each county.]

Provided, that in counties containing thirty thousand inhabitants there may be *appointed* an additional Superintendent of Schools therein."

Article VIII, § 1.—"The General Assembly shall elect in joint ballot within [illegible] days after its organization under this Constitution, and every fourth year thereafter a Superintendent of Public Instruction."

Con. of Maryland, (1867), Art. VI. § 1. "There shall be a Treasurer, to be appointed by the two Houses of the Legislature, at each regular session thereof, on joint ballot."

Con. of Massachusetts, (1780) Part. II. Chap. II, § 1. "The major generals shall be appointed by the Senate and House of Representatives, each having a negative upon the other; and be commissioned by the Governor."

Con. of Michigan, (1850), Art. V, § 10. "No person elected Governor or Lieutenant Governor shall be eligible to any office or appointment from the Legislature, or either House thereof, during the time for which he was elected. All votes for either of them, for any such office, shall be void."

Con. of Missouri, (1865), Art. IV, § 34.—"When any officer, civil or military, shall be appointed by the joint or concurrent vote of both Houses, or by the separate vote of either House, the vote shall be publicly given *viva voce*, and entered on the journals."

From the Articles of Confederation and perpetual Union between the States, which preceded the Federal Constitution:

"ARTICLE 5. For the more convenient management of the general interest of the States, delegates shall be annually *appointed* in such manner as the Legislature of each State shall direct, to meet in Congress on the first Monday in November in every year, with a power reserved to each State to recall its delegates, or any of them, at any time within the year and to send others in their stead for the remainder of the year. No State shall be represented in Congress by less than two, nor by more than seven members."

ARTICLE 7. "When land forces are raised by any State for the common defense all officers of or under the rank of Colonel shall be *appointed* by the Legislature of each State respectively by whom such forces shall be raised, or in such manner as such State shall direct, and all vacancies shall be filled up by the State which first made the appointment."

Constitution of the United States, Art. II, § 1, clause 2. "Each State shall *appoint*, in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in Congress, but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be *appointed* an elector."

Heretofore, each State has appointed its Electors of President and Vice President by a popular vote *or by its Legislature*, in the latter case choosing them as Senators are chosen.

Story on the Constitution, Vol. I. p. 564 § 703. "Secondly, the mode of *appointment* of the senators. They are to be chosen by the legislature of each State. Three schemes presented themselves as to the mode of appointment." * * * "The first scheme, that of an election by the Legislature, finally prevailed by an unanimous vote."

"Any civil office."—The word "civil" is very evidently used here in contradistinction to *military*; and the word "office" will include a commission in Congress unless limited by the context. But here the context conclusively fixes the word "office" as including membership in Congress. The following provision is: "and no member of Congress or other person holding any office * * * under the United States or this commonwealth shall be, &c. during his continuance in office." Very plainly this provision declares that a Senator or Representative in Congress holds an office, and of course, a civil office, within the meaning of this whole section. For the words "or *other* person holding any office," by relation fixes a member of Congress as a person "holding an office," and the concluding words "during his continuance in office" are still more explicit. *Vide Story on the Const.* Vol I. p. 388, § 721.

"Offices may be classed into civil and military; 1st, civil offices are classed into political, judicial and ministerial. 1. The offices of President and Vice President of the United States of senators, of representatives are political offices." *Rawle's Abridgment*, Vol. 7, p. 289. *Title*, "*officer and officers.*" *Note by Rawle.*

"*Under this Commonwealth.*"—In our constitution these words are used in contradistinction to the expression "under the United States" found further on in the section.

The word "commonwealth" here is synonymous with the word "state," taken in its political as distinguished from its geographical sense. A Senator receives his appointment from his State through its Legislature, and holds under it and by no other authority. His resignation, if tendered, is tendered to the Governor of his State, and not to the President of the United States. His duties are discharged beyond the State, and in the general government, but he is still, strictly speaking, a representative of the State, and as such holds his office for his constitutional term. That he is not an officer under the United States has been long determined and accepted as constitutional law.

The following extracts bear upon this point:

"The election of the Senate by the State Legislatures is also a recognition of their separate and independent existence."—1 Kent's Com., Lecture XI, p. 223.

"It gives to the state governments, says the *Federalist*, No. 62, such an agency in the formation of the Federal Government as must secure their authority."—Kent, u. p. 225, Lec. XI.

Both Kent and Story hold that Senators should be chosen by *separate, concurrent* action of Legislative Houses.

"I should think, if the question was a new one, that when the constitution directed that the Senators should be chosen *by the Legislature*, it meant not the members of the Legislature *per capita*, but the Legislature in the true technical sense, being the two Houses acting in their separate and organized capacities with the ordinary constitutional right of negative on each other's proceedings. This was a contemporary exposition of the clause in question, and was particularly maintained in the well known letters of the *Federal Farmer* who construed the Constitution with a jealous and scrutinizing eye."—(Letter 12), Kent, p. 225.

"A question arose upon an impeachment before the Senate in 1799, (William Blount) whether a Senator was a civil officer of the United States, within the purview of the Constitution; and it was decided by the Senate that he was not; and the like principle was applied to the members of the House of Representatives. This decision, upon which the Senate itself was greatly divided, seems not to have been quite satisfactory (as it may be gathered) to the minds of some learned commentators. The reasoning by which it was sustained in the Senate does not appear, their deliberation, having been private. But it was probably held that "civil officers of the United States" meant such as derived their appointment from and under the national government, and not those persons who, though members of the government, derived their appointment from the states, or the people of the states." *Story on the Const.* Vol. I. p. 559, § 793.

"Who is the Senator? How appointed? To whom ought he to be amenable? * * * They are appointed by the State Legislatures—each has one vote—They are the representatives of the portion of sovereignty remaining in the individual States, they are sent as guardians to preserve the remaining limited sovereignty of the States. Do the reasons which show the propriety of rendering the Executive and its officers liable to impeachment apply to these characters? Official neglect may be a pretence, legislative firmness the real cause of offence. * * * As a further indication how little analogy there is between the character of a Senator and that of an officer of the Executive of the United states, let it be recollected that if a Senator resigns or dies, in the recess of the State Legislature, the Executive of the State, not of the United States, supplies the vacancy. The small State of Delaware has the same number of Senators as the large State of Massachusetts. Why? Because the Senators are the representatives of sovereignty." Argument of Mr. Ingersoll on the Blount impeachment in the U. S. Senate, 1799. Annals of Congress, 1797—99, p. 226.

For the Columbian.

Politics and Religion.

EDITOR COLUMBIAN:—A correspondent of the New York *Observer*, writing from Berlin, Aug. 18, 1874, calls the attention to the debate in the British Parliament chiefly between Disraeli and Gladstone—on the Public Worship Bill, and which takes in the whole question of ultramontanism. The writer contends that there are great dangers to be apprehended to all civil governments, our own among the rest, from the claim of the Pope of Rome of a right to control the political institutions of the world, and that a great conflict is impending, in all the leading nations of the world on this subject. Whether he is or is not correct, in regard to the pretensions and claims of the Church of Rome, or in regard to the proper relation of religion and politics are very just, and I commend them to the attention of your readers. He says:

"Each nation must fight out this battle in its own way, according to its own social condition and its civil and ecclesiastical usages. And it will be well for the people of the United States to forecast the controversy which is sure to arise among themselves between the absolute supremacy of the Pope and the independent sovereignty of the nation. There is much wisdom and force in the counsel of Mr. Gladstone, that the opponents of spiritual absolutism should not narrow their basis by dogmatic, sectarian, partisan or other limitations that would exclude from active co-operation any who should be their natural allies. This suggestion is of special value to the United States. * * * For this, however, it is important that the movement should not rest upon Protestantism as its centre, nor use Protestantism as its argument or its end. Why should we cling to the name Protestant, which, as first given, was of political origin and significance, in the *protest* of the evangelical estates of Germany at Spires, in 1529, against the decree of the Diet forbidding the propagation of the new doctrine? What have we to do to-day with a name that had reference to certain politico-ecclesiastical measures of Germany three hundred and and fifty years ago. Before the common people this very name enables Roman Catholics to contrast Protestantism with Christianity and "the Church," and to decry Protestantism as a modern human invention. No; let us be what we are. We are Christians; we date from the New Testament; our faith, our charter, our title is older than Luther, older than Augustine. * * * * * We must take higher ground.

Especially must we do this in the United States. The American idea of religious liberty forbids that the state should foster or favor Protestantism rather than Catholicism; there are thousands upon thousands of citizens who, though nominally Protestant, have no intelligent sympathy with the evangelical system, and in a controversy with Romanism, waged in the name and for the interest of Protestantism, or waged against the Roman Catholic *Church* in its faith and worship, these would either be indifferent, or religious liberty over the Catholics themselves.

Pains should be taken to present the true issue clearly, sharply, and forcibly; and this should be constantly before the people. The Constitution of the United States forbids religious tests for political office, and any form of church establishment. Most of the State constitutions are now to the same effect, in spirit if not in words. No man's religious faith can be urged as a disqualification for office. This principle and practice all true Americans are ready to defend. But when Roman Catholics claim that as Catholics they are entitled to a *pro rata* share in the distribution of political offices, then true Americans, to a man, will resist the doctrine that an ecclesiastical connexion gives a claim to political preferment? Such a doctrine is destructive of liberty, civil and religious.

I hold that to be a member of the Church of Christ, or of any religious organization, either as a private or official member—neither fit or unfit, any man for occupying any position in any civil government. Any man who asks to be elected to any office, because he is a Catholic or a Protestant; an Atheist, a Deist, or a Christian, a Minister or a private member; violates the principles of our Government. And any man who opposes the election of any man to any office for either of these reasons, equally violates the principles of our government.

Qualification for official position consists, 1st, In possessing the requisite ability and integrity for the discharge of the duties of the office. 2nd In offices

The Columbian

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, January 8, 1875.

S. S. Wolf, Esq., a Democratic member of the Legislature from Centre county, died at his home on the 1st inst., of typhoid fever.

The Grand Duke Nicholas, inspector general of the Russian cavalry, offers three prizes of $4,000, $2,400, and $1,600 respectively for the best works "concerning the history of military operations on horseback, the functions, attributes, growth, developments, and mutations of the cavaliers in all ages and all countries, and the general and particular theories and practices of cavalry operations." The grand duke invites foreigners to compete, and designates the 1st of January, 1877, as the last day for receiving the works desired.

Five United States District Judges have seen some good reasons for stepping down and out within the last eighteen months. Sherman of Ohio, Delehay of Kansas, Story of Arkansas, Bustead of Alabama, and Durell of Louisiana.

These men were appointed by a Republican administration, and all charged with corruption. They thought the easiest way to get rid of their troubles was to resign, which they were permitted to do. They furnish additional evidence of the general corruption that prevails in official circles.

There seems to be much distress prevailing among the laboring classes in Luzerne county, and other adjacent portions of the iron furnaces and foundries are either idle or working only on partial time, and this, together with the general depression of trade, having reduced the consumption of coal, there is very little doing at the collieries in this usually busy region. Thousands are in idleness without any means of obtaining work, and the distress is very great. The Mayor of Scranton writes to a contemporary that all the means of relief in that city are exhausted, and he fears, as winter advances, that the suffering will become extreme.

"The State of Pennsylvania is in itself an interesting study. Its bosom holds all the anthracite and much of the bituminous coal found on the continent. Its hidden fountains produce a large portion of the oil now so essential to the comfort and industry of the world. Many of its hills are depositories of iron and other ores, which are utilized in immense manufactories seen in every valley. Its forests supply the principal part of the lumber used in the great cities of the Atlantic seaboard. Its soil varies from the poorest. Its territory is washed by the tides the Atlantic, and the waters of the Lake Erie, and is drained into the Gulf of Mexico by rivers navigable more than two thousand miles. Its boundaries completely separate New England and New York from the Mississippi Valley; and its entire area is dotted by scenes of more than ordinary historical interest. All these combinations add to the charm and interest of travel, and every American can find something in it instructive and gratifying."

The Bellefonte *Republican* can not whiten Massachusetts nor lift her from the position of the least patriotic and therefore least respectable of American States; nor can its editor dignify King Calico with a black skin. Sandwich Islanders are represented to vary in shade from olive to lemon, and the cross produced by a Massachusetts yankee and a Sandwich Island wench would therefore scarcely be black; rather a blue clay mud, or something more offensive. Nor is the editor happier in his pronunciation of Kalakaua—it is plainly Calico and can be nothing else, however arbitrary the pronunciation of proper names. He was named, as is usual with savages, from some circumstance attending his birth and Calico was eminently proper considering his reputed parentage and the promiscuous character of his mother's loves. The peculiar spelling was introduced only after the adventurers who control the Islands determined to make a king of him and does not bear the usual characteristics of native Sandwich Island names.

Federal Debt and Finances.

The increase of the Federal debt during the month of December amounted to $3,650,-967 88. The total debt, less cash in the Treasury, on December 1st., 1874, was two thousand one hundred and thirty-eight millions one hundred and thirty-eight thousand three hundred and thirty-four dollars and fourteen cents. One hundred and thirty-nine millions would be a considerable debt to pay, but when two thousand millions is added to that the people may well shudder.

The Federal Government has already guaranteed over sixty-four millions of Pacific railroad bonds, and paid more than twenty-four millions of interest on the same. Yet these cormorants are asking for sixty or seventy millions more and the Republican Congress will vote it to them if the members do not fear the people too much. Certainly nothing but the Democratic victories last fall can prevent the additional appropriation.

The cash and assets in the Treasury at the above date were a little over $137,000, mostly in gold, kept there to prevent the premium upon gold rising above what the government chooses to make it. This latter object is effected by the government selling gold in indefinite quantities at a certain premium whenever the demand causes it to rise above that sum.

The Butler *Herald* thinks a Resident Clerk is of some use at Harrisburg, and asserts that he has work of consequence to do in the summer, during the recess. The experience of Col. Ziegler, the editor of the *Herald*, in Clerkships of the Legislature, has given him this impression, but the experience of the editor of the COLUMBIAN in the Departments is that the Resident Clerk is a nuisance during recess. People having business at the Departments can have it attended to properly by applying directly to them, and the shipping of documents, &c., can just as well be attended to by those having charge of the public buildings and grounds, of whom there is now a small regiment. It did seem to the writer that the main business of the "Resident Clerk" during the recess was to obtain copies of laws from the Departments for correspondents and make "a nice thing of it" by adding five or ten dollars illegal fees upon each of them, and otherwise pilfering from the people and the State. During the session he has always been a sort of marshal of roosters and peddler of small fry votes. The large fortune one of these geniuses has amassed in this business ought to be evidence enough to the editor of the Butler *Herald* that we assert only what is strictly true. We say, therefore, abolish the useless, expensive and corrupt office. It was an out-growth of Radical corruption and extravagance, and it will be a libel upon their professions of economy if the Democratic House continues it.

Organization of the Legislature.

The Legislature of this State organized on Tuesday last. In the Senate, Geo. H. Cutler, Republican, of Erie, was elected Speaker, and Russel Errett, of Pittsburg, Republican, was elected Clerk. A whole regiment of Republican nominees were elected to other offices. The vote in each case stood Republican 30; Democratic 18.

The Republican majority refuse to admit John P. Colihan, Democratic Senator elect from Schuylkill, because of an allegation of bribery at the late election.

In the House, the Democratic nominees were elected, by a vote of 103 to 88. In the preceding caucus the vote for Speaker stood for Patterson, of Allegheny, 83; for Talley, of Delaware, 18, and for Ganster, of Luzerne, 5. For Clerk the vote was as follows:

Adam Woolever, of Lehigh	44	63
H. J. McAteer, Huntingdon	20	13
Robert McGowan, Philadelphia	17	16
R. B. Brown, Clarion	16	11
C. B. Brockway, Columbia	5	3
C. Y. King, Schuylkill	2	
W. P. Furey, Philadelphia	2	

The other nominees are as follows, to wit

Resident Clerk—Maj. Elbridge McConkey, Harrisburg.

Reading Clerk—Geo. D. Herbert, Mercer.

Message Clerk—A. E. Fahey, Crawford.

Transcribing Clerks—A. G. Dewitt, Northumberland, and George Fisher, York.

Sergeant-at-Arms—F. A. Beamish, Luzerne, and four Assistants.

Doorkeeper—Ephraim Jones, Allegheny, and four Assistants.

Messenger—Theo. Snyder, Blair, and three Assistants.

Superintendant of Folding Room—Jeremiah Seitsinger, Schuylkill, and ten Assistants.

Postmaster—Francis Ferris, Bucks; Assistant, J. R. Smith, Fayette.

The Speaker is highly spoken of, and the Clerk is well known to be a competent and honorable man. Of those amongst the other officers elected known to us, either personally or by reputation, Messrs. McConkey, Kettering, of Westmoreland, Snyder of Blair, Seward of Bradford, Streeter of Erie and Krebs of Clinton, are men of excellent character, competent and will prove worthy officers. The selection of Beamish, of Luzerne, is not creditable to the party. The fortunate ones are mostly recognized Democrats, but some among them are new recruits from the other side who made their first appearance in the Democratic camp within a year or two.

The number of officers is fixed by law of the last Legislature, and the caucus seems to have determined to fill them all. But we are free to say to our friends in the Legislature that if they want their party to triumph hereafter they must reduce this number fully one-half, and the salaries of themselves and officers from one half to two-thirds—or else the party must repudiate their own members of the Legislature who refuse to do this. One or the other alternative must be adopted or future defeat must be accepted. The Democratic members cannot be blind to this fact, and they need not entertain the vain idea that the people will overlook it. The Pittsburgh professions of reform, so unanimously and solemnly made in convention, must be carried out. The issue cannot be dodged. It is treason to be unfaithful and suicide to procrastinate or attempt to excuse. If there ever was a time when he "who dallies is a dastard and who doubts is damned" that time is now. The Democratic party has no room for cowards and sneaks, and its representatives in the Legislature have choice only between faithfulness to the Pittsburgh resolutions and being justly branded as traitors. "Rally round the flag, boys," and be faithful to the promises your party convention has made!

The Constitutional Senatorial Question.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* of the 6th instant contains an article purporting to be an editorial, in answer to the constitutional question that has lately been mised, concerning the eligibility of a member of the State Legislature to an appointment as United States Senator. Either the writer in the *Patriot* has not seen the pamphlet on that subject, and has attempted to answer it in the dark, or he has totally failed to apprehend a single point contained in it. It is but natural that those who desire Mr. Wallace to be appointed United States Senator, should consider the argument of that pamphlet "defective in several particulars." The writer says, "In the first place the United States Senator is not *appointed*, but he is elected by the representatives of the people," and this simple contradiction is the sole argument on which he relies to overturn the weight of extracts from the Constitutions of fourteen States, of the United States, and from the Articles of Confederation, all of which show unquestionably that an election by a State Legislature is an *appointment*. No one presumes to say that *election* and *appointment* are synonymous, but any one who has carefully examined the question cannot fail to say that an appointment is consummated by electing an individual to an office. *Election* is more specifically employed to denote a choice by the people; *appointment* is used where the power to choose is placed in the hands of one or more persons, *i. e.* representatives, by the people. It is precisely in this sense that these words are employed in the several constitutions, &c., referred to. From this it would seem that some one else, rather than the writer of the pamphlet, has "misconceived the meaning and spirit of the Constitution."

The *Patriot* champion says "the provision of the Constitution which is quoted for the purpose of preventing the Legislature from electing Mr. Wallace to the Senate of the United Senate is in the exact language of the Constitution of 1838." Not quite! In that Constitution, after the words "any civil office under this Commonwealth," occurs the following, "which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased during such term." This last clause is omitted in the new, which makes quite another thing of it. The remainder of the editorial is of too trivial a character to deserve any attention, until the last clause is reached. The writer fixes the point that a United States Senatorship is not held "under the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" by asserting such as a fact.

Will the Legislature of the Keystone State allow themselves to be bamboozled by any such whipped syllabub as this? Something more than mere assertion or denial is necessary in the discussion of a question like this. Let there be fair argument and full examination, and if it be found that the point raised by the "Bloomsburg publicist" be well taken, then let the right precedent be established, no matter whom it may decapitate.

The argument to which the *Patriot* refers is published on the first page of the COLUMBIAN.

The Pittsburg *Post* announces that in consequence of the modifications placed by the post office authorities upon certain sections of the new postal law concerning newspapers, it will commence January 1st to pay the postage and furnish The Weekly *Post* at the old rates, viz: Two dollars a year, single copies, and in clubs of five or over, one dollar and fifty cents. The Daily *Post*, nine dollars a year, postage paid by the proprietors.

Fresh Outrages Upon Louisiana!

Poor, oppressed Louisiana is still under the iron heel of military oppression—at the expense of all the people of the United States! At the last election, the Conservatives, embracing nearly all the native white and best portion of the negro population, elected the State officers and about two-thirds of the Legislature, notwithstanding that United States troops were so disposed throughout the State with orders to arrest all the leading whites that thousands of citizens abandoned their homes and did not dare to attend the election. But in that State they have a "returning board," appointed by the Governor, who count all the votes and declare who is elected, having authority, or assuming it, to throw out votes where negroes are "intimidated," and to count votes not polled. This board is composed of four carpet-baggers and one native, but at the recent count the latter retired in utter disgust. The board threw out Conservative votes enough in many districts to change results, and admitted men in others who had scarcely votes enough to show that they were candidates, to give the Radicals a majority in each branch of the Legislature! That body met on the 4th inst., and upon proceeding to organize it was ascertained that enough Radicals were absent from the House to give the Conservatives a majority. A Speaker and Clerk were duly elected and assumed their duties, when the military appeared on the scene, armed soldiers took possession of the Assembly room, and the General in command informed the Speaker that he was directed by Gov. Kellogg to have a list of members prepared by him ready by a carpet-bagger who accompanied the General by order of the Governor. The Speaker protested, saying that the House was duly organized, was the sole judge of the qualifications of its own members, that it had its own duly installed officers, and that the personage appointed by the Governor to read the list was neither a member nor officer, and therefore had no business there. Gen. Trobriand apologetically replied that he was under the orders of a superior officer who had directed him to obey Gov. Kellogg's orders. The military then proceeded to force several members from their seats and drive them from the hall. The clerk was also dispossessed, and a carpet bagger not elected put in his place. The Conservative members then retired to another building, and the remaining Radicals under the protection of the army, proceeded to organize a bogus Legislature. It afterwards transpired that Gen. Phil. Sheridan was in chief command of the troops at New Orleans, the gentlemanly commander, Gen. Emery, long stationed there, having been quietly superseded. As Phil. won most of his fame fighting defenceless people and is noted for cruelty and recklessness, he is eminently a proper commander for occasions of outrage and trampling upon people's liberties. A portion of the Congressional committee of investigation was present during the proceedings.

Sheridan coolly asks the President to declare the white people of Louisiana, Mississippi and Arkansas "banditti" and give him power to treat them accordingly! Is this a country of freedom? Have the people rights that military satraps respect?

An Editor Killed by an Ex-Governor.

On the 26th ult., Mr. Byerly, the business manager of the New Orleans *Bulletin*, attacked ex-Gov. Warmouth of Louisiana, on the street with a club. The blows proving ineffective, the parties clinched and fell to the ground, Byerly on top. Warmouth immediately drew a knife from his pocket and inflicted four fatal stabs in Byerly's body. The latter died in a few hours and Warmouth was arrested, but was soon released on the ground of acting in self defence. There had been no quarrel directly between these parties, but a duel was pending between Warmouth and Mr. Jewell, the writing editor of the *Bulletin*.

As a rule of action we certainly do not approve of killing newspaper publishers, but if one man strikes another with a club, and loses his life in consequence thereof, we insist that he himself alone is to blame. The act is not only a brutal but a murderous one, and we know of no code of morals that requires a man to be battered nigh unto death or run the risk of being entirely disabled or killed before adopting even extreme modes of defence. The attacking party rarely deserves sympathy, and certainly not in this case, even though he be a printer and a Pennsylvania by birth.

Monopoly vs. Labor.

While that huge but elegant monopoly, the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, and its illegitimate bantling, the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company, are slowly and surely raising the prices of coal to consumers, they have hastily and dictatorially reduced the prices of mining, nominally ten per cent but in reality much more. As a consequence the miners have struck, a result possibly if not probably desired by the monopolists.

This country is fast coming to the point where either the people or monopolies—vast aggregated capital—must rule. The former cannot but by the destruction of the latter, or in other words by limiting their power to the legitimate purpose of their creation. That purpose is only to enable a combination of individuals to prosecute such proper enterprises as cannot be reached by unincorporated or personal energy—the corporation in all cases to be closely confined to a single pursuit and to be permitted to hold only estate enough to carry it on. We do not propose in the present article to discuss the subject but merely to call public attention to what is being done by powerful corporations to crush the spirit and absolutely control the great laboring interest of the country.

Cash Politicians.

The late elections have ended the labors of that class of politicians who "go for cash."

The Democratic party must begin at once to end forever the business of those men who have lived so long on "the cash" which they ask, demand, or take for political service.

The curse of the Radical party, or rather one of its curses, was the gang of creatures it brought into life who where known as always "going for the cash." Votes, bills, legislation, contracts were to be had for cash, and these creatures were the agents to buy or sell.

Offices were put up for sale and he who had the most money was most successful. "Put up your cash" was the demand made on every occasion to every applicant for office from the man who applied for a policeman's badge to him who asked the nomination for Governor, Judge, or any other post of high public trust.

The Democratic party must now put an end to this business.

Let the first question that is now asked of a candidate be, "did you put up your cash?" and if it can be shown that he even proposed to do it, defeat him on the spot.

No greater good than this could possibly come out of the return of the Democracy to power. It would end the men and the party lately known as "the Radical gang."—*Commonwealth.*

Governor's Message.

We are indebted to Gov. Hartranft for an advance copy of the annual message, but have room only for a very brief synopsis.

The State debt is stated at $24,558,635 37, and cash balance in the Treasury at $1,054,-551 65. There has been a diminution of revenue during the past year of over one million of dollars, which the Governor says is altogether to the benefit of large corporations. The establishment of industrial schools and compulsory education by the State are urgently advocated. He commends the new Constitution in guarded terms, appeals for more candor in the treatment of public men, devotes a chapter to banks, saving funds and trust companies, and desires to prohibit them from receiving more than six per cent interest and from paying interest on deposits. He advocates the substitution of a poll tax instead of tax upon occupations, trades, &c. A commendable chapter on the propogation of fish follows, and and an act to prevent the waiver of exemption laws is urged. Various other subjects of minor importance are treated of and the message appropriately winds up with an appeal for Divine assistance for himself and the Legislature.

CONGRESS re-assembled again on Tuesday. No business of importance has as yet been transacted. The leading issue now pending is the Senate finance bill. Having passed that body by a party vote the same result substantially will no doubt follow in the House. The only relief the passage of the bill will afford or good that it will do will be in the assurance such action will give that there is to be no more Radical legislation on the subject. In fact the most decided act of public relief that this Congress can adopt is to adjourn finally. If the people were once assured that it no longer existed, we believe there would be a general revival of business to a large extent, as there are no fears that a like mischievous body can ever exist again. But there is no hope of getting rid of the concern before the 4th of March, when it will die a natural and inevitable death.

Gerrit Smith, of New York, the noted Abolitionist of by-gone days, is dead, having been stricken down suddenly while on a visit to relatives. Few men ever done more injury to their country than he, and although he has now passed from the scene of the mischief he aided so largely in perpetrating, those he left behind him and myriads yet unborn will feel the weight of the grievous load of debt and wrong he assisted so materially in piling upon them.

Foreign News.

The Republic of Spain was very suddenly wiped out last week, but in fact no Republic ever existed there. A few leaders, without other than usurped authority, called their government a Republic, but never gave the people a chance to rule, or to determine their form of government, or to elect their rulers. But for a year or two past the government was called a Republic, ruled by aristocratic and titled grandees. These waged war during the period of their authority against a part of the nation who recognized Don Carlos as king. Ten days ago, the General commanding the army in Madrid, the capital, declared in favor of Don Alfonso, a boy of seventeen and son of the expelled Queen Isabella, as King. All the armies and statesmen of the "Republic" acquiesced, including even the brawling "patriot" Castellar. It is also said a part of the Carlist army will join the forces of the new King. The governments of Europe will all recognize him, including the Pope of Rome, and the Carlist war will probably end. The Cuban government has also acquiesced.

The French fraud calling itself a Republic, will sooner or later follow suit. There is no Republic there, and the government known by that name is only suffered to exist while the rival monarchial interests hold each other in abeyance. No important news from other countries in Europe, unless it be that several of the countries have prohibited the importation of American potatoes, for fear the bugs would come along with them.

PROPOSED NEW LIQUOR LAW IN OHIO.—An act has been proposed in the Ohio Legislature to repeal all acts restricting the trade in intoxicating liquors, and to create a new system, which, in brief, may be stated as classifying all places where intoxicating drink is sold in five classes, requiring them to register and to pay a tax according to their class; the tax in villages to be one-half the rate in cities; the tax running from $200 a year for places of the first class, where all liquors are sold, to $10 for places of the fifth class, "for the sale of light malt liquor on draught, and soda water mixed with liquors." It furthermore provides fines for selling drinks except at registered places, and forbids sale to minors, or on credit, and makes sellers liable for damages to the amount of $500 in any one case.

Senator Lewis in a caucus of republican Senators attributed the ruin of his party in the South to the bad character of some of its self constituted leaders and to the iniquitous civil rights bill. His allusion to the southern leaders could hardly have been regarded by Patterson, Spencer, Clayton, Conover and the rest of that gang as reflecting on them. In regard to the proposed increase of the regular army he declared that the South could only be carried by the republican party under its present organization by sending down enough soldiers to keep the people from voting. This seems to be precisely the view taken by the carpet bag senators of the matter in asking for the increase of the army.—*Exchange.*

It strikes us the Washburns are getting a little too numerous. Here is one, with the scriptural name of Israel, wants to succeed Hamlin, of Maine, in the Senate; another, W. D. Washburn, of Minnesota, thinks he could fill the seat of Senator Ramsey; another, C. C. Washburn, would like to succeed Carpenter, of Wisconsin; while a fourth, E. B. Washburn, Minister to France, has his eye on the Presidency. If these brothers could be bought at their actual value, and sold at their own estimation, the man who purchased and sold them would be as rich as Jones of Nevada.—*Erie Observer.*

Can it be Possible?

It is no wonder the people of the United States, those who work for a living, are excited over this subsidy fraud in Congress. Can it be possible that Congressmen have voted the Pacific Mail Steamship Company *a subsidy of TEN millions of dollars?* Yes, that is so. The first grant was five millions of dollars. Then there was an additional subsidy of five million dollars, making ten millions of dollars of the people's money given to a corporation. No wonder we have to pay taxes, tariffs, and stamps. No wonder tea and sugar and coffee have to be taxed. The poor man has to pay for the subsidies to these insolvent corporations. We expect one day to see the people rise up to defend their rights.—*Commonwealth.*

The length of railways throughout the world will exceed two million miles, and the capital invested in them in the last thirty years is about $4,000,000,000.

THE TRUTH COMING OUT.—The ancient Spinner, he of the fancy signature, comes out now and produces figures which show the national debt to have been decreased but little over a million last year, although the Radical press reports a decrease of several millions every month! Fresh loans were being made all the time, which kept the debt at about a stand-still.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.40
Rye "	.90
Corn "	.75
Oats "	.50
Flour per barrel	5.00
Cloverseed	5.00
Flaxseed	1.50
Butter	.30
Eggs	.20
Tallow	.08
Potatoes	.60
Dried Apples	.10
Hams	.18
Sides & Shoulders	.14
Lard per pound	.14
Hay per ton	15.00
Beeswax	.25
Timothy Seed	5.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 4.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.75 " "
No. 6 " "	$ 2.50 " "
Blacksmith's Lump on wharf	$ 4.50 " "
" Bituminous "	$ 6.00 " "

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PAPER BAGS.

The paper flour bags sold at the COLUMBIAN office are very strong and in all respects superior—the best made—printed both for Buckwheat and Wheat flour—and are sold cheap for cash. t.

A. L. TURNER, Exchange Hotel. B. F. GARDNER, Residence Market St., 1st door below NOV. 19. J. Waller's.

DRS. TURNER, & GARDNER.

Office over Klein's Drug Store.

Jan. 8, 75-y Bloomsburg, Pa.

NOTICE.

THE business of Dr. J. C. RUTTER, being of such a character as to render him unable to attend to the settlement and collection of his accounts, he has therefore placed them in our hands. All those knowing themselves indebted to him will call at once. FREEZE & EYERLY.

Bloomsburg, Dec. 24, 1874.

RAILROAD ELECTION.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the HUNLOCKS CREEK & MUNCY RAIL ROAD CO., that an election will be held at the house of Peter G. Hill, at Lairdsville, Lycoming county, Pa., on Monday, the 11th day of January, A. D., 1875, at 12 o'clock, of said day for the purpose of electing a President and Twelve Directors for the ensuing year.

By order of the President,

C. A. BOWERS, Sec'y. WM. BRINDLE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF ELLEN SCHMICK, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed to distribute the money in the hands of the administrator to and among the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased will meet parties at his office in Bloomsburg on Tuesday, the 26th day of January, A. D., 1875, at 10 o'clock, a. m. for the purpose of his appointment. SAMUEL KNORR,

Jan. 8, 75—4t Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE ESTATE OF WILLIAM RUTLER, DECEASED.

The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, auditor to make distribution of balance of said estate will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the town of Bloomsburg on Saturday, the 30th day of January, 1875, at 10 o'clock, a. m. All persons having claims against said estate are required to attend or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

CHARLES G. BARKLEY, Dec. 26, 74—4w. Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF MARTHA HARTMAN, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Martha Hartman late of Scott township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Reuben Hartman of Shickshinny. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

EMANUEL HARTMAN, Jan 8,-4w* Administrator. Shickshinny, Luzerne county, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, ss:

Among the records and proceedings of the Court of common Pleas of said county, it is thus contained:

In the matter of the money paid into court for distribution among the claimants against the borough of Centralia:

And now, December 30, 1874, on motion of A. P. Sphuey, Esq., through John M. Clark, the court appointed C. B. Brockway, Esq., Auditor to ascertain what persons are legally entitled to valid claims against the said borough, and the amount thereof unpaid, and report to the court the order in which the same shall be paid out of money now in court or which may hereafter be paid into the court, the time of the time and place of meeting before the auditor to be given by publication in two weekly newspapers of the county. BY THE COURT.

Certified from the records.

December 31, 1874.

B. FRANK ZARR, Prothonotary.

In pursuance of the above order, the undersigned, auditor, will meet the parties interested, for the purposes set forth in the order of said writ at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, January 30th, 1875, at 2 o'clock, p. m., at which time and place those having claims can attend if they see proper.

C. B. BROCKWAY, Auditor.

Jan. 8, 74—4t.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows and others have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on Wednesday, the 3d day of February, 1874, at 2 o'clock p. m., of said day unless exceptions to such confirmation are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1. Widow of William Barber, late of Madison township, deceased.

2. Widow of Samuel Kostenbander, late of Catawissa township, deceased.

3. Widow of George Kressler, late of Scott township, deceased.

4. Widow of David Coleman, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.

Register's office, Bloomsburg, Jan. 8th, 1875. } W. H. JACOBY, Register.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents, that the following named administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance by the Orphan's Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on Wednesday, the 3d day of Februar , 1875, at 2 o'clock, p. m., of said day.

1. The final account of Marshal G. Kinney, guardian of Charles W. Maxwell, grandson and heir of Matthew McDowell, late of Scott township, deceased.

2. The final account of Levi A. Hilby, guardian of Clara P. Crevelling, a minor child of Eli Crevelling, late of Scott township, deceased.

3. The first and final account of Moses Davis, administrator of Sarah Davis, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.

4. The second and final account of John Staley, executor of William Robbins, late of Greenwood township, deceased.

5. The account of Nehemiah Kitchen, executor of Daniel Kitchen, late of Fishingcreek township deceased.

6. The account of Clinton Mendenhall, administrator of Peter Miner, late of Locust township, deceased.

7. The account of Jesse Mensch, guardian of Clara Sidler, minor child of John Sidler, late of Franklin township, deceased.

8. The final account of Samuel Kostenbander, guardian of Clara Kostenbander, (now Camp) as filed by the administrators of said guardian.

9. The first and final account of Jacob Gersinger, executor of Ann Bright, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.

10. The account of Henry Butler, executor of Peter Heller, late of Mifflin township, deceased.

11. The account of Lafayette Cressy and Henry Shultz, administrators of Peter B. Wenner, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.

12. The first and partial account of Isaac N. Runyan, executor of Priscilla M. Runyan, late of Madison township, deceased.

Register's office, Bloomsburg, Jan. 8th, 1874. } W. H. JACOBY, Register.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, on

saturday, January 30th, 1875,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., Isaac S. Brockbaum, Executor of John Klinger, late of Benton township, in said county, deceased, will expose to sale at public vendue on the premises, a certain tract or lot of land containing

115 ACRES AND 31 PERCHES,

strict measure, bounded by lands Thomas Gibbons, George Miller, Samuel Yost, Josiah Ofer, et al. Karns and Hannah L. Kline, said tract containing about SIXTY-FIVE ACRES CLEARED LAND and the balance is well timbered with White Pine and White Oak. There are erected thereon

2 Dwelling Houses and a Frame Barn,

There is also a good bearing Apple orchard, and various other Fruit Trees on the premises.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from the confirmation, bl. m.

Late the estate of said deceased, situate in the township of Benton, the county aforesaid.

ISAAC S. BRICKBAUM, Executor.

Benton, Jan. 8, 1875—

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given that the Horse, Wagon, carriage and harness, now in the possession of Andrew Kase of Centralia, belongs to me.

Dec. 25, 74—3t. M. P. BUTLER.

A GREAT STRIDE!

Up and Over Old Methods found to be faulty, or Objectionable, discarded!

A NEW AND VASTLY ADVANTAGEOUS PLAN HEREBY ADOPTED BY

G. M. & J. K. LOCKARD

At their Works in Bloomsburg,

(Formerly Bloomsburg Iron and Manufacturing company, where will be kept constantly on hand a large assortment of

White and Red Ash Anthracite Coal,

FOR DOMESTIC PURPOSES, AND

CUPULO, BLACKSMITH AND BITUMINOUS COAL,

at prices to suit the trade. All Coal specially prepared before leaving the Yard. Also

Plows and Threshing Machines,

and all kinds of

Casting and Machine Work.

REPAIRING promptly attended to. They would respectfully solicit the Patronage of the Public.

Jan. 8, 74—1y G. M. & J. K. LOCKARD, Bloomsburg, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED to solicit for the Provident Life & Trust Co., OF PHILADELPHIA.

Incorporated 34 month, 22d day, 1865.

Good risks of any class solicited. A very reliable and popular company, and easy to solicit for. Apply promptly by letter to the HOME OFFICE, Philadelphia. Nov. 13, 74—30t.

TRY CHRISTIAN a large live, family paper, of stories and general reading. No sectarianism, no pills, puffs nor advertisements. Only 25 cts. a year. Send 10 cents for specimens before you forget it! Splendid Map Premium. Agents wanted. Extraordinary commissions paid! H. L. Hastings, 36 Washington Street, Boston, Mass., 408 Arch street, Phila., Pa.

HAVE YOU TRIED

JURUBEBA

ARE YOU

WEAK, NERVOUS, OR DEBILITATED?

Are you so languid that any exertion requires more of an effort than you feel capable of making?

Then try Jurubeba, the wonderful tonic and invigorator, which acts so beneficially on the nervous organs as to impart new life to all the vital forces.

It is no alcoholic appetizer, which stimulates for a short time, only to let the sufferer fall to a lower depth of misery, but it is a vegetable tonic filling the system with new and healthful blood.

It regulates the bowels, quiets the nerves and gives such a healthy tone to the whole systems as to soon make the invalid feel like a new person.

Its operation is not violent, but is characterized by great gentleness; the patient experiences no sudden change, no marked results, but gradually his troubles fade away, "like the Arabs,

And silently steal away."

This is no new and untried discovery, but has been long used with wonderful results and pronounced by the highest medical authorities "the most powerful tonic and alterative known."

Ask your druggist for it.

For sale by JOANSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

BUSINESS for 1875 New Brass article, sells to dwellings, stores, etc. Profitable. We guarantee canvassing success. Agents wanted. Address mar15, S.S. MANN & CO., 20 N. Howard street, Baltimore, Md. Jan. 8, 75—6t

60 PER CENT.

COMMISSION PAID BOOK AGENTS.

Our new and most popular books by one of the largest subscription firms in the country. 32 books for 50 cents; 52 books for $1.00, &c., no humbug. Sent of circulars and sec. Address, P. O. Box 529 Hartford, Conn.

THE New York WEEKLY WITNESS, giving News, Markets, Stories, Pictures, and all Live Editorials at $2.00 a year. Postage paid, has reached 75,000 circulation in three years. Send for free sample copy.

CONSTANT EMPLOYMENT—At home Male or Female, $30 a week warranted. No capital required. Particulars and valuable sample sent free. Address, with 6 cent return stamp, C. ROSS, Williamsburg, N. Y.

"PSYCHOMANCY or SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple, mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, Wedding Night Shirt, &c. A queer book. Address T. WILLI M & CO., Pubs., Phila.

Maryland Eye and Ear Institute

26 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.

GEORGE REDING, M.D., late Professor of Eye and Ear Surgery in the Washington University, Surgeon in Charge.

The large hands me residence of the late CHARLES CARROLL has been fitted up with all the improvements adopted in the latest Schools of Europe, for the special treatment of this class of diseases. Apply by letter to GEORGE REDING, M.D., Surgeon in Charge.

FOR

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, And all Throat Diseases,

USE

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS

PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.

A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.

Sold by Druggists.

SHORT POSTPONEMENT—DAY FIXED—FULL DISTRIBUTION.

FIRST GRAND GIFT CONCERT.

Montpelier Female Humane Association

AT ALEXANDRIA, VA.

MARCH 29, 1875.

LIST OF GIFTS.

1 Grand Cash Gift		$ 100 000
1 Grand Cash Gift		50 000
1 Grand Cash Gift		25 000
10 Cash Gifts,	$10 000 each	100 000
18 Cash Gifts,	4 000 each	72 000
50 Cash Gifts,	1 000 each	50 000
100 Cash Gifts,	500 each	50 000
1 000 Cash Gifts,	100 each	100 000
2 000 Cash Gifts,	50 each	100 000
2 000 Cash Gifts,	25 each	50 000
22 175 Cash Gifts, amounting to		$1 000 000

Number of Tickets, 100 000.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets	$ 20 00
Halves	10 00
Quarters	5 00
Eighths, each Coupon	2 50
Six Tickets for	100 00

The Montpelier Female Humane Association, chartered by the Legislature of Virginia and the Circuit Court of Orange Co., proposed by a Grand Gift Concert for the benefit and under a charter for the Old, Infirm, and Destitute Ladies of Virginia, at Montpelier, the former residence of President James Madison.

Governor's Office, Richmond, July 3, 1874.

It affords me pleasure to say that I am well acquainted with a large majority of the officers of the Montpelier Female Humane Association, who reside in the vicinity of my home, and I attest their intelligence and their worth and high reputation as gentlemen, as well as the public confidence, influence and substantial means liberally represented among them. JAMES L. KEMPER, Gov. Virginia.

Alexandria, Va., July 5, 1874. I commend them as agents of honesty and integrity, and fully entitled to the confidence of the public.

R. W. HUGHES, U. S. Judge Eastn Dist. of Va.

Further references by permission: His Excellency Gilbert C. Walker, Governor of Va.; Hon. Robt. E. Withers, Lieut.-Gov., of Va., and U. S. Senator elect; Senators and members of congress from Va.

Subscriptions for tickets may be made to express prepaid, post-office money-order on Washington, D. C., or by registered letter.

For full particulars, testimonials, &c., send for Circular. Address, HON. JAMES BARBOUR, President M. F. H. A., Alexandria, Va.

Reliable agents wanted everywhere. Dec. 25, 74—4

AGENTS WANTED.—At the rate this work is now selling it will attain a sale of

100,000 COPIES

before the canvass is complete. Presbyterian ministers without a charge, or those in ill health who wish to retain it in open-air exercise, students, laymen, and others who desire to obtain lucrative employment in a good respectable occupation, are solicited to apply for an agency to sell

"THE HISTORY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH THROUGHOUT THE WORLD."

A beautiful large octavo volume, illustrated with steel and wood engravings, which every Presbyterian family will want to possess. Applications for exclusive territ

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, JANUARY 9, 1875.

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Mail, Train	10.05 A. M.	5.10 P. M.
Express Train	8.40 P. M.	12.30 A. M.
Accommodation Train	6.30 A. M.	7.47 P. M.

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.25 A. M.	7.30 P. M.
Regular Express	3.35 P. M.	11.30 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

All subscribers should bear in mind that printers are now compelled to pay cash for everything they use in their business and that it is impossible for them to carry the indebtedness of a large number of subscribers from year to year, as could formerly be done when stock and wages were low and long credits could readily be obtained. Every subscriber should therefore be sure to pay at least once a year. The date printed on the paper with the subscriber's name shows the time to which each has paid.

We will furnish the GALAXY at first class four dollar magazine) and the COLUMBIAN to subscribers, both postage paid, for five dollars per year in advance.

The LADY'S BOOK, with the beautiful chromo "The Beacon," and the COLUMBIAN, all postage paid, will be furnished at $4.50 per year in advance. tf.

JOB PRINTING.

The statement of certain parties in Bloomsburg that they do some descriptions of Printing cheaper than it can be obtained at the Columbian office is untrue. Our facilities being greatly superior we are enabled to do any work in superior style and fully as cheap as it can be obtained anywhere. Come and see.

Mr. David Armstrong cut his foot almost off on Saturday last whilst felling a tree.

Goods may now be purchased in Bloomsburg at wholesale as well as retail. See locals in this issue.

The proprietors of the new Opera House have put up a large bill board on Main street between Centre and Iron.

A number of young men of this place who are attending college are now at home enjoying a short vacation.

Chief of Police Woodward made the following arrests during the month of December; Drunkenness, 5; Warrant, 2; Vagrancy, 3.

It is announced that the Reading railroad company suspended work in all its shops along its entire line, on the 5th inst. in consequence of its difficulties with the Schuylkill miners.

Alex. R. Pennington has been appointed Postmaster at Fairmount Springs, Luzerne county, and A. F. Balliett at Limestoneville, Montour county.

The fact that several of the leading Railroads reduced their freight schedules, which went into effect on the 1st inst., will no doubt reduce the price of many articles of consumption.

E. M. Vandling, of Sunbury, it is said, has never tasted an apple or cider, the smell being offensive to him. "And yet he is a son of Adam," says a witty contemporary, "what a pity Adam had not been a son of his!"

A number of our citizens started for the California gold regions on Wednesday. Mr. Hanley, of Irondale, located there recently and reports work plenty and hands scarce which prompts them to go.

The *Hazleton Sentinel* brags that the Columbia county farmers find Hazleton an excellent market for the sale of all the grain, vegetables and live stock they can produce. They visited that locality in great numbers last week.

Mr. Samuel Hagenbuch, of Light Street, presented the editor with a lot of Fallowater apples, as large and as fine any we have ever seen. Also some specimens of Newtown Pippin, one of the finest flavored and best cooking or baking apples that grows. Thanks!

Mr. James Long, one of the Benton Stage proprietors, has purchased the mail route of Mr. Crawford, between this place and Benton, and has made an application to the Department to make the round trip in one day, which it is hoped will be granted, as it will be much more convenient to those along the route than the present way.

The Tunkhannock *Democrat* claims that the people of that region have so far advanced in civilization that they begin to eat sour-kraut. Glad to hear of improvement, always. We now begin to think of accepting his repeated invitations to visit that region.

At a regular stated meeting of St. John's Lodge, No 203, Knights of Pythias, on the 28th ult., the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: C. C., John D. Powell; V. C., John Rinker; P., John Cuip; M. of F., M. P. Lutz; M. of F., John S. Phillips; K. of R. and S., R. H. Ringler; T., H. C. Grotz, R. to G. L., R. H. Ringler; M. at A., John Cuip.

On the 24th ult., Amos Appleman, of Hemlock township was arrested by U. S. officer Geddes, on the charge of illicit distilling of liquor in his cellar. He was brought to Bloomsburg and lodged in jail until the following Monday, when he was taken to United States Court for a hearing.

Mr. B. F. Gardner, M. D., late of Chattanooga, Tennessee, has entered into partnership with Dr. A. L. Turner, of Bloomsburg in the practice of medicine, and has also purchased the residence of the latter, on Market street, south of Rev. D. J. Waller. Dr. Gardner comes to Bloomsburg with the highest testimonials, both personal and professional, from physicians and officers of the State where he has formerly resided and practised his profession. He is no doubt a very reliable and skillful practitioner and it is hoped and not doubted he will find his residence in Bloomsburg a most pleasant one, though it is not desirable that there should be abundant business in his line.

A charter incorporating the Briarcreek Mutual Fire Insurance Company was granted by the last Court of Common Pleas. The members of the Center Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry are the movers in the matter and no doubt the object is to extend the benefit of the order. Books of the Company are about to be opened and an organization effected in a few days when they will be ready to receive application for insurance.

BOASTS.—The Clarion *Democrat* boasts that 20 persons in that county by the name of Cyphert vote the Democratic ticket. The Clearfield *Republican* goes better and says that 42 persons in that county by the name of Bloom vote the Democratic ticket. We can beat all that bragging to smash. We have 32 subscribers by the name of Hess, nearly all having large families, 11 of whom get their papers at our office, and we judge there are not less than 100 Democratic voters of that name in Columbia county!

English sparrows are not valuable as insect destroyers. An examination of their bills will prove this to any person and ornithologists will tell you the same. They live chiefly upon grain and seeds and only resort to an insect diet when forced to do so from hunger. They will, however, drive from any neighborhood where they settle, all our native song and insect-devouring birds, and are simply a pest and a nuisance.—*Wyoming Democrat.*

The editor is undoubtedly mistaken, or else refers to the English Field Sparrow. The true English Sparrow—House, city or town Sparrow, as often described—it is well attested lives almost entirely upon insects when they can obtain such food. Otherwise they will probably eat any thing they can get. Whether they are guilty of the uncivil conduct attributed to them we are not informed sufficiently to affirm or deny.

Mr. John R. Moyer and Lady, of Bloomsburg, celebrated their Golden Wedding on Wednesday, January 6. The following, taken from a Bloomsburg paper of that date, furnishes credentials in the case:

Married, January 6, 1825, John R. Moyer, shoemaker, to Miss Mine [illegible], eldest daughter of Jeffinge Barkley, Esq.

The guests on the happy occasion of the Golden Wedding were numerous, including 5 sons, 2 daughters, 4 daughters-in-law, 11 grand children, 3 sisters of the groom, 2 sisters and 2 brothers of the bride, 6 nephews, 6 nieces, 1 of the bride's maids — Mrs. Phebe S. Sloan, the widow of the clergyman who married them (Mrs. Duffield-ach,) and 2 others who were present at the wedding 50 years ago.

We can not quarrel with the Boston *Weekly Transcript* on your buckwheat meal with butter and honey, we will compromise at that, only so you do not steal the honies.

The Pennsylvania Central Musical Association is to assemble at Freeburg, Snyder county, on the 18th inst., to remain in session five days. Also grand concerts are to be given with "choice of 500 voices," a full orchestra, &c., and the whole to be the grandest Musical festival ever held in the Central part of the State. I. W. Miles is one of the Secretaries.

They report to be a slight depression in the anthracite coal market heretofore the present year. We do not know the trouble to hunt up full statistics, but last year in the first edition of the COLUMBIAN after the holidays we published 120 weddings, while this year we have only 78, a falling off of over one third. One gallant boy should not permit the hard times to interfere with that arrangement.

EDITOR CERTIFICATE.

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Columbia county, having carefully examined the several statements rendered by the County Commissioners and County Treasurer with the books and vouchers as they rest in on record in said office, do say: That the State, County and Dog fund, and find them entirely correct. And whereas there have been divers reports circulated through the county charging the County Commissioners and Commissioners' clerk with misappropriating and not properly accounting for some of the public moneys, we do hereby certify that having made a thorough search, to our entire satisfaction, say that the above reports are in our opinion entirely unfounded and untrue.

C. CAMPBELL,	
S. E. SMITH	County
DAVID YOST,	Auditors.

Bloomsburg, Jan. 7th '75.

Wm. Shaffer, Esq., retired from the board of county Commissioners on the 1st inst., after a most valuable and honorable service in that office for three years. He was an attentive, intelligent and upright officer, and discharged all his duties as a business man. Notwithstanding the bitterness with which his election was opposed by a combination of volunteer candidates, he proved himself an invaluable officer for the people and one of the best Commissioners the county ever had. Although he lately informed the editor that he was disgusted with holding office, I venture perhaps higher positions in which the people will yet need his services.

OPENING OF THE NEW OPERA HOUSE.

The new Opera House was opened the evening before Christmas with quite a good attendance. Monday Christmas and Saturday evenings the large Hall was crowded with an intelligent and appreciative audience. The acting on all occasions averaged from fair to indifferent, though the plays were not of a high or a very interesting character. The appointments of the Hall are fair, though the seating is not what it should be.

Upon these whole the promise is encouraging for the enterprise, as it is not doubted it will be generously sustained by the public, if good actors and good plays and other proper amusements are obtained; and the performances are duly advertised. To be fully successful, however, the proprietors must expect to be required to make all reasonable effort, not the least of which will be to thoroughly inform the public of what is proposed to be done.

OHA. CEVILLE ITEMS.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Orangeville Male and Female Academy, held on the 26th of December last, at the Academy Hall, the following gentlemen were chosen as Trustees for the ensuing years: H. R. Kline, Abner Webb, Jno. Keller, Miles Williams, J. M. Harman, Silas Comer and Hervey E. Smith, Esq. The Board of Trustees was then organized by the election of H. R. Kline as President, Silas Comer as Treasurer and Hervey E. Smith, Esq., as Secretary. A strong effort is being made to cancel the indebtedness of the Academy, which if successful will enable it to rank as it formerly did among the best institutions of the kind in the State.

A joint committee of the Sunday Schools of Orangeville consisting of Hervey E. Smith, Esq., President, Isaac Eves, Secretary, and Mrs. Gearhart, Mrs. Houtz, Miss Maggie Eves and Miss Sadie Speer, with the assistance of J. M. Harman and Charles Low, Superintendents of the Sunday Schools, prepared the children of the schools for an exhibition which took place on Christmas evening, at the Academy Hall. The exercises consisted of concert responses, dialogues, speeches, tableaux and singing, and were conducted in a manner highly creditable to all concerned. The tableaux of the Ten Virgins, acted in two parts, was strikingly beautiful and elicited the most hearty applause. A noticeable feature was what was denominated the Christmas surprise, consisting of a lot of candies and oranges among the children. The admission was free, but voluntary contributions for the benefit of the Sunday schools were solicited and a considerable sum raised. During the performances the Hall was crowded and everyone seemed pleased.

Dr. O. L. Mengregil and D. M. Mengregil returned to Orangeville last week, bringing with them two fine specimens of Deer, the result of a hunting excursion on the North Mountain.

An exhibition was given in Academy Hall by the Amateur Association of Orangeville, on the evening of the 30th of December. The play entitled "The rescued Ar," in three parts, was produced with effect, while the farce of "The Mysterious Stranger" was a regular side splitter. Considering the fact that it was the first time that the young ladies and gentlemen comprised in the Association appeared together "in public on the stage," too much cannot be said in praise of their acting. The Orangeville Brass Band furnished music between the acts. The admission charge of was twenty-five cents and the amount taken in was over fifty dollars, which, we understand was donated by the Association to the Trustees of the Orangeville Male and Female Academy to be used toward the paying off of the indebtedness of that institution.

Jacob Harman, Esq., of Orangeville, delivered an able and interesting address upon the subject of agriculture at a meeting of the Orangers of this district, held at Catawissa on New Year's day.

The approaching spring election is the current topic among the politicians of Orangeville and from the number willing to sacrifice themselves for their country's good by holding office a warm season may be looked for.

Certain could be respectable persons are of so inquisitive a nature that they indulge in the practice of turning the slats of the parlor shutters of houses not their own, to ascertain what transpires within. Orangeville is not entirely exempt, from the class of persons, though their number is small and they are well known.

Our enterprising fellow citizen, Mayor Lowenberg, has placed a large gas illuminator in front of his clothing store.

WANTED.—An Upright Steam Boiler, with or without engine, from 5 to 8 horse-power. Must be in perfect order. Address, stating price delivered, manufacturer's name and style, "PITTSTON COMET," Pittston, Pa. n50 2t

New firm organized in Bloomsburg, for the transaction of the Wholesale Notion Business.

Style of firm WAGONSELLER & Co.

Location, Second Floor of J. H. Maize's Building, opposite Brown's Hotel.

They propose furnishing to the trade any goods in their line at city prices.

Will run a wagon through this and the adjoining counties for the accommodation of country merchants.

New lot of Overcoats at YOCUM'S, in Klein's Drug Store, Main street, Bloomsburg, in great variety and at prices to suit the times.

Earl's celebrated Boots for Mens' wear for sale at McKINSEY'S.

B. Stoiner has an immense store of Confectionery in great variety, Nuts, Candies, &c., suitable for Christmas and New Year's gifts, to which he calls the special attention of the public.

Central Express have a second hand Wagon to sell, having no further use for it. Their business having so greatly increased, it will be sold cheap. Inquire of MOYER BROS., agents.

RUSSELL has a splendid lot of
Peach Butter,
Apple Butter,
Quince Butter,
Cranberries, Raisins, Dried Currants, Peaches, Prunellas, Corn and all kinds of Canned Fruit.

CLARK & WOLF have a large and varied assortment of Goods, embracing all kinds and styles, which they offer to the public upon exceedingly low terms for cash. They ask the public to examine their stock and prices.

A few sets of Furs left (cheap now) at I. W. HARTMAN'S. No trust.

Having replenished our stock of Paper Rags, of best quality, they will be sold as low as inferior articles are offered. Printed both for Wheat and Buckwheat flour. At COLUMBIAN office.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., spare no expense to rend out nice coal. tf16

A new Clothing Store has been opened in the room occupied by Klein's Drug Store, Main street below Market, Bloomsburg, where all kinds of gentlemen's Clothing may be obtained at the lowest cash prices by DANIEL YOCUM. tf.

Now for I. W. HARTMAN'S White Dishes, $1.00 per set. No trust.

ROLLINS & HOLMES have just received a large stock of Gas Fixtures. Call and see them.

All Coal slated and screened before leaving the old established coal yard of C. W. NEAL & BRO. 25tf

TO THE PUBLIC.—Go to W. H. BROWN and get one pound best Tea in market, put up in a beautiful Japanned Gilt Cannister, for one dollar.

Don't be worried and annoyed with not only a poor quality of Coal but dirty and slaty beside, but buy of C. W. NEAL & BRO, who deal only in the best qualities. 25tf

W. H. BROWN keeps a fine assortment of Canned Fruits and condensed goods. Also, a full assortment of Nuts and French Candy and Oranges and Lemons.

The newest and latest styles of Gas Fixtures are at ROLLINS & HOLMES'. Call and see them. Also see their stock of Stoves before buying elsewhere.

W. H. BROWN has Salt by the barrel and by the sack. Flour, Feed and New Buckwheat for sale wholesale and retail. Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

A new lot of Paper Rags, of Superior quality, printed both for Buckwheat and Family Flour, just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. tf

ROLLINS & HOLMES sell the Argan Base Heating Stove, from which all anticlinker stoves are derived.

Town orders taken by C. W. NEAL & BRO. in exchange for coal. 26tf

If you want a good Ham,
If you want cheap and good Tea,
If you want Coffee—Java or Rio,
If you want good Canned Fruit,
If you want the best Mackerel,
If you want Sugar for the least money,
If you want the best Syrups in town,
If you want good Cigars,
If you want good Tobacco.
If you want anything in the Grocery and Provision line, go to RUSSELL'S, Main street. tf-25

W. H. BROWN keeps the most complete and finest assortment of Groceries that can be purchased in market. His Groceries are fresh and are selected from first importers' hands. His prices are low, as he has purchased his goods at bottom figures to suit the times.

COAL. COAL

Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Have constantly on hand large stocks of
Domestic,
Cupola,
Blacksmith's Anthracite,
Bituminous,
and Limeburner's Coal.

Especial attention given to the preparation of coal before leaving our yards. Grain and Lumber taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town at short notice. Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's store, or at our office, will receive prompt attention. Office and Yards at William Neal & Sons' Furnace, East Bloomsburg. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

COAL. [7—tf—25] COAL.

Families who intend to purchase a Sewing Machine should consider the following sworn returns of sales made in 1873, as the latest decision on the merits of each company's machine:

The Singer Manufacturing Company sold		
232,344 Machines,		
Wheeler & Wilson Mf'g Co. sold	"	112,190
Domestic S. M. Co.	"	40,114
Grover & Baker S. M. Co.	"	36,176
Wood S. M. Co.	"	21,702
Wilson S. M. Co.	"	21,247
Howe M. Co.	"	No returns.
Gold Medal S. M. Co.	"	16,421
Wilcox & Gibbs S. M. Co.	"	15,881
American B. H., &c.	"	14,182
B. P. Howe S. M. Co.	"	13,919
Remington Empire S. M. Co.	"	9,183
Florence S. M. Co.	"	8,960
Davis S. M. Co.	"	8,861
Victor S. M. Co.	"	7,436
Bliss S. M. Co.	"	3,458
Secor S. M. Co.	"	3,430
Aetna, J. E. Braunsdorf & Co.	"	3,081
Bartram & Fanton,	"	1,000
Centennial S. M. Co.	"	514
Keystone S. M. Co.	"	217

This table shows that ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEEN THOUSAND more Singers was sold than of any other company in the World. 16-18

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

SUN rises 7 o'clock 41 minutes—sets 4 o'clock 5 minutes.

MOON sets 5 o'clock 14 minutes, a. m.

GOLD is now quoted at a premium of about 7.12 in other words green backs are 12 per cent. below par.

BLANK MORTGAGES for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

PAPER RAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and linen paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and Trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

BLANK NOTES with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN office.

ATTORNEYS, Justices of the Peace and Constables will find a general supply of Blanks at low rates at the COLUMBIAN office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the late Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

It is useless to attempt to cleanse a stream while the fountain is impure. Dyspepsia, complaints of the liver or kidneys, eruptions of the skin, scrofula, headaches, and all diseases arising from impure blood, are at once removed by Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters, purifier of the blood, and renovator of the system. It has never been known to fail. 51—4w.

The huge, drastic, griping, sickening pills, constructed of crude, coarse and bulky ingredients, are fast being superseded by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets, or Sugar-coated, Concentrated Root and Herbal Juice, Anti-Bilious Granules—the "Little Giant" Cathartic or Sublime in Parvo Physic. Modern Chemical Science enables Dr. Pierce to extract from the poisons of the most valuable roots and herbs their active medicinal principles, which, when worked into little Pellets or Granules, scarcely larger than mustard seed, render each little Pellet as active and powerful as a large pill, while they are much more palatable and pleasant in effect.

Dr. Ira P. Thayer, of Bucyrus, Ohio, writes: "I regard your Pellets as the best remedy for the conditions for which you prescribe them, of anything I have ever used, so mild and certain in effect, and leaving the bowels in an excellent condition. It seems to me they must take the place of all other cathartic pills and medicines."

Lyon & Macomber, druggists, Vermilion, D. T., says: "We think they are going to sell like hot cakes as soon as the people get acquainted with them and will spoil the pill trade, as those that have used them like them much better than large pills."

—o—

THE CONFESSION OF AN INVALID.

PUBLISHED AS A WARNING and for the benefit of YOUNG MEN AND OTHERS who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOSS OF MANHOOD, etc., supplying the means of self-cure. Written by one who cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery, and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope. Sufferers are invited to address the author,

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR,
Box 129, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Mar. 6, '74—3m

—o—

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.

Happy relief for young men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood Restored,—Impediments to Marriage removed; New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.—an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.
Nov. 7, 1873—1y.

—o—

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS

Will be found to possess those qualities necessary to the total eradication of all bilious attacks, prompt to start the secretions of the liver, and give a healthy tone to the entire system. Indeed it is no ordinary discovery in medical science to have invented a remedy for those stubborn complaints, which develop all the results produced by a heretofore free use of calomel, a mineral justly dreaded by mankind, and acknowledged to be destructive in the extreme to the human system. That the properties of certain vegetables can be made to assume all the virtues of calomel without its injurious combinations, is now an admitted fact, rendered indisputable by scientific researches; and those who use the Mandrake Pills will be fully satisfied that the best medicines are those provided by nature in the common herbs and roots of the fields.

These pills open the bowels and correct at all times derangements without salivation or any of the injurious effects of calomel or other poisons. The secretion of bile is promoted by these pills, as will be seen by the altered color of the stools, and disappearing of the sallow complexion and cleansing of the tongue.

Ample directions for the accompany each box of pills.

Prepared only by J. H. Schenck & Son, at their principal office, corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, and for sale by all druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

—o—

A VALUABLE MEDICAL TREATISE.

Hostetter's United States Almanac for 1875 for distribution, gratis, throughout the United States, and all civilized countries in the Western Hemisphere, will be published about the first of January, in the English, German, French, Norwegian, Welsh, Swedish, Dutch, Holland, Bohemia and Spanish languages, and all who wish to understand the true philosophy of health should read and ponder the valuable suggestions it contains. In addition to an admirable medical treatise on the causes, prevention and cure of a great variety of diseases it embraces a large amount of information interesting to the merchant, the mechanic, the miner, the farmer, the planter, and professional man; and the calculations have been made for such meridians and latitudes as are most suitable for a correct and comprehensive National Calendar.

The nature, uses, and extraordinary sanitary effects of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the staple tonic and alterative of more than half the Christian world, are fully set forth in its pages, which are also interspersed with pictorial illustrations, valuable recipes for the household and farm, curious anecdotes, and other instructive and amusing reading matter original and selected. Among the Annuals to appear with the opening of the year, this will be one of the most useful and may be had for the asking. The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburg, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood. The Bitters are sold in every city, town and village, and are extensively used throughout the entire civilized world.

MANHOOD RESTORED.—A victim of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 78 Nassau St., New York.
July 3, '74—2m

—o—

A MAN IN RUINS.—One of the saddest spectacles in the world is a human being shattered and broken down by the use of ardent spirits. But the damage may be repaired, the ruin restored to perfect soundness, by a course of that most powerful of all invigorants, Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters, purifier of the blood and renovator of the system. It has never been known to fail. 46—4w

—o—

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

A SHORT BUT STUPENDOUS GIFT CONCERT.

As manager of the gift concerts given in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky my position creates an important trust in behalf of the Public Library and the ticket-holders of the fifth gift concert. The Public Library of Kentucky and the ticket-holders are jointly interested in the amount of the drawing. The larger the fund to be distributed in gifts the greater will be the gift awarded to each lucky ticket-holder and the more the amount realized by the library. To have a full drawing is so manifestly to the interest of those interested that, rather than have a fractional drawing on the 30th inst., I deem it due to the trust confided to me by the ticket-holders and the Public Library of Kentucky, that a short postponement be made to enable me to dispose of the unsold tickets and have a full drawing. Though the very large amount now in bank would enable us to distribute handsome gifts, yet we should feel disappointed in this our last concert, should we be compelled to make a fractional drawing, however large.

We have received so very large a number of letters from all parts of the country from those most interested, urging a postponement if all the tickets be not sold to the 30th, that we feel strongly moved by the importunities of the ticket-holders and the Public Library, to make the postponement. Upon the communications, we have determined, in the interest of all parties, to postpone the concert and drawing to Saturday, February 27, 1875, at which time the drawing will positively take place, and, as a guarantee of good faith toward ticket holders, we pledge ourselves to refund to any ticket holder his money, upon presentation of his ticket, should the drawing fail to come off at the day now fixed. The past, we feel assured, will be sufficient guarantee to all interested that they will be fair and honest in dealing with. The money paid for tickets is sacredly preserved against all contingencies until after the payment of the gifts, after which the expenses are to be refunded and the Public Library is to be its profits.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager.

LOUISVILLE, KY. Nov. 29, 1874.

—o—

WHERE TO ADVERTISE.

A. T. Stewart says the best advertising mediums he has ever found are the old established organs of the two political parties, at the several county seats throughout the Union." "These," he says "reach every family of the least account in their several counties, and are more carefully read than any other class of journals." If Mr. Stewart's judgment is of value, there is no difficulty in deciding which paper it is for the interest of business men to advertise in. The COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, upon which this paper is printed, was established in 1836, and the COLUMBIAN now enjoys a large circulation and greater prosperity than it ever did. It goes regularly into two thousand families in Columbia and adjoining counties, and by most of them is read from the first to the last line. It is the only recognized exponent of near five thousand Democratic voters in the county. It gives advertisements a tasty display, that makes them attractive to its patrons, thus ensuring greater certainty that they will peruse them. While its circulation is undoubtedly much the largest in the county, the advertising rates of the COLUMBIAN are no higher than those of other papers with barely half and several not one-fourth the number of subscribers. Facts like these speak for themselves. No shrewd business man will neglect to insert his advertisement in the COLUMBIAN. tf

—o—

THE BEST PRINTING OFFICE.

The present is a good opportunity to remind the friends of the paper, and the public generally, that the COLUMBIAN JOB PRINTING OFFICE has no superior in this section, and, in some respects, is without an equal. During the last year we have completely renewed our types and made large additions, and it is no idle boast to say that we have now the Best Presses, the Best Assortment of Type, the Best Stock of Paper, Cards, &c., and the best Workmen in the county. Our workmen are specially adapted for their places, and we make it a point to always give our customers a neat, correct and satisfactory job.—We do not claim to do work for less than others, but will warrant it to be as cheap as can be done anywhere and yield a decent profit. All who are in need of Job Printing of any kind—Plain or in Colors—will find it to their interest to give the COLUMBIAN Office a trial. We have on hand every variety of Cards Paper, Ink, Envelopes, Tags, &c., that is likely to be called for, and can furnish any quantity or style of work on shortest notice. Binding to order. tf.

Marriages.

December 31st, by Rev. J. H. Williams, at the home of the bride, CHARLES INANGST, Esq., of New York and Miss MARY APPLEMAN, of Bloomsburg.

By the same, on Christmas day, Mr. FRANKLIN A. COLT to Miss MAHALA E. PERRY, both of Locust township.

By the same on the 27th inst. Mr. JEREMIAH FAIRMAN to Miss MARY FETTERMAN, both of Locust township, Columbia county Pa.

At Bloomsville, on the 24th of December, by the Rev. N. S. Spear, Mr. A. P. HOWELL to Miss M. A. WHITE, both of Light Street.

At the Evangelical Parsonage, in New Columbus, December 24th, by Rev. J. M. Brader, Mr. WILLIAM L. YORKS and Miss SAVILLA KITCHES, both of Columbia county Pa.

At the M. E. Parsonage, Elysburg Northumberland county, Pa., December 18th, 1874, by Rev. T. C. Oliver, Mr. C. J. CAMPBELL to Miss JENNIE HARB, all of Franklin, Columbia county Pa.

At the home of E. M. Tewksbury, Columbia county, Pa., December 17, 1874, by the same, JOHN B. KERN, of Hacketts town, N. J. formally of Catawissa, to Miss HANNAH CROUP of Catawissa, Columbia county Pa.

December 15th, 1874, at the Reformed Parsonage at Catawissa, by Rev. G. B. Bechtel, Mr. DAVID F. HELWIG to Miss KATE FETTERMAN, both of Columbia county Pa.

December 20th, by the same, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. ANDREW BEAVER to Miss MARY A. ADAMS, both of Columbia county Pa.

December 27th, by the same, at the residence of Mr. Peter Knecht in Beaver township, Mr. FRANCIS D. KNECHT, to Miss SARAH E. FISHER, both of Columbia county Pa.

November 29th, 1874, by Rev. H. Wilson, Mr. MICHAEL G. YAPLE, of Jonestown, Columbia county, Pa.

On the 24th of December, 1874, at the Reformed Parsonage, by Rev. T. F. Hoffmeier, Mr. JOHN G. MOORE to Miss HELENA J. GILL, both of Bloomsburg.

On the evening of the same day at the residence of Mr. John Gill, by the same, Mr. JOSEPH H. E. K of Greenwood, Columbia county, Pa., to Mrs. MARY CATHARINE O'NEIL of Bloomsburg.

On the 27th of December, 1874, at the residence of the bride, by Rev. T. F. Hoffmeier, Mr. LUTHER A. BENSHOF of Danville, Pa., to Miss ARAMINTA only daughter of Mr. Daniel Bauman of Bloomsburg.

At the residence of the officiating clergyman on the 22nd, by Rev. E. Palmer, Mr. LEWIS HEDDEN of Moulton Co., to Miss ANN HIATT, of Pine township, Columbia Co.

November 26th, 1874, by Rev. H. Wilson, Mr. MICHAEL G. YAPLE, of Jonestown, County county, to Miss MARY R. BRUNDIDGE, of New Columbus, Pa.

December 22nd, 1874, by Rev. H. Wilson, Mr. MORDECAI DAVENPORT to Miss MARIA J. STEELE, both of Fairmount township, Luzerne county, Pa.

December 24th, 1874, by Rev. H. Wilson, Mr. LEVI LONG to Miss MARGARET A. SMITH, both of Fairmount township, Luzerne county, Pa.

December 26th, 1874, by Rev. H. Wilson, Mr. ROBERT M. BONHAM, of Huntington township, Luzerne county, to Miss MARY E. BRUTZ, of Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, Pa.

Deaths.

In Stony Town, Centre township, on December 26, 1874, ANNA MARY ROESCH, aged 1 year, 8 months and 2 days.

In Stonestown, Centre township, on December 28th, 1874, CARRIE AGNES, daughter of Benjamin F. and Mary J. Jacobs, aged 1 year and 1 month.

At Lime Ridge, near Espy, on Christmas day, Mrs. MARTHA HARTMAN, aged 64 years, 2 months and 2 days.

In Bloomsburg, on the morning of the 6th inst., Mrs. P. WELLIVER, aged 58 years, 6 months and 10 days.

In Bloomsburg, on the night of December 23d, 1874, GRACE, only child of Alfred F. and Elmira Haymen, aged 1 year 9 months and 10 days.

In Bloomsburg, on Wednesday December 23d, 1874, Mr GEORGE WEAVER, aged 77 years, 8 months and 16 days.

At the residence of her son, in Jackson township, on Thursday December 24, 1874, Mrs. ELIZABETH MANNING, in the 86th year of her age.

In Locust township, on December 16, 1874, Mrs CATHARINE BEAVER, wife of Joseph Beaver, aged 71 years, 11 months and 25 days.

ISAIAH HAGENBUCH

DEALER IN

STOVES & TINWARE,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.,

Has the pleasure of introducing to the Public

A NEW AND SUPERIOR

COOKING STOVE,

THE "ECLIPSE,"

A new and beautiful Stove, for wood or coal. He also keeps constantly on hand a large and varied assortment of other

COOKING STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES,
IRON WEAR in great variety,
TIN WARE, &c., &c., &c.,

which he will dispose of at the lowest rates for cash or approved credit on short time. All articles warranted as represented. He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.
Oct. 29, '74—tf

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bloomsburg Gas Company will put in service pipe and furnish meters to the citizens of Bloomsburg for $12.50 where the distance from the street does not exceed 50 feet; excess of 50 feet will be charged at the rate of 25 cents per foot until September 1st, 1875. C. W. MILLER, Secretary.
Sept. 11, '74—tf

NOTICE.

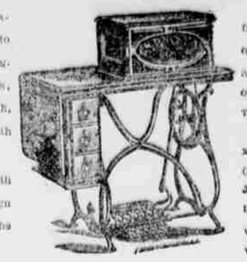
NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874 for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "Central Hook and Ladder Co." the character and object of which is to provide erect and furnish a hall or suitable buildings or buildings, in the township of Centre for the Centre Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry, or to lease suitable buildings for said purposes, and for that purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of Assembly. C. W. MILLER,
Dec. 18, '74—4t. Attorney for Incorporators.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SAMUEL KOSTENBADER, DECEASED. Letters of Administration on the estate of Samuel Kostenbader, late of Catawissa, County of Columbia, State of Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Elizabeth Kostenbader, George L. Kostenbader and George W. Reifsnyder, of Catawissa, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are required to make payment and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

ELIZABETH KOSTENBADER,
GEORGE L. KOSTENBADER,
GEORGE W. REIFSNYDER, } Admr's.
Nov. 21, '74-6w

REMINGTON.



THE REMINGTON SEWING MACHINE has sprung rapidly into favor as possessing the best combination of good qualities, namely: Light running, Smooth, Noiseless, Rapid, Durable, with perfect Lock Stitch.

It is a Shuttle Machine, with Automatic Drop Feed. Design beautiful and construction the very best.

REMINGTON No. 1 Machine for family use, in the THIRD YEAR OF ITS EXISTENCE, has met with a more rapid increase of ratio of sales than any machine on the market.

REMINGTON No. 2 Machine for manufacturing and family use, (ready for delivery only since June, 1874), for range, perfection, and variety of work, is without a rival in family or workshop.

GOOD AGENTS WANTED. SEND FOR CIRCULAR

ADDRESS, Remington Sewing Machine Company, Ilion, N. Y.

BRANCH OFFICES OF REMINGTON COMPANIES.

E. Remington & Sons, Remington Sewing M. Co., Remington Agt Co., } ILION, N. Y.

281 & 283 Broadway, New York, Arms, Madison Square, New York, Sewing Machines, Chicago, 237 State St., Sewing Machines and Arms, Boston, 322 Washington St., Sewing Machines, Cincinnati, 181 West 4th St., Sewing Machines, Utica, 129 Genesee St., Sewing Machines, Atlanta, Ga., Dodive's Opera House, Marietta Street, Sewing Machines, Washington, D. C., 321 Seventh St., Sewing Machines.

Dec 25, 74—2m

PUBLIC SALE!

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned Administrator of Henry W. Hass, late of the township of Locust, in said county, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 9th, 1875,

The following described real estate, to wit: All that certain TRACT OF LAND situate in Locust township, in said county, adjoining lands of Solomon Levan on the north, lands of Solomon Levan and William Yoxson on the east, and lands of Gabriel Werry and Susan Hare on the south, containing

TEN AND ONE-FOURTH ACRES,

more or less, whereon is erected a

TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE,

The land is all cleared.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one fourth of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. on confirmation of sale, and balance in three equal annual payments from the confirmation of the sale, with interest from the time possession is given.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m., of

Miscellaneous.

How to Make Mischief.

Keep your eye on your neighbors. Take care of them. Do not let them stir without watching. They may do something wrong if you do. To be sure, you never know them to do anything bad, but it may be on your account they have not. Perhaps if it had not been for your kind care, they might have disgraced themselves a long time ago. Therefore do not relax any effort to keep them where they ought to be. Never mind your own business—that will take care of itself. There is a man passing along—he is looking over the fence—be suspicious of him; perhaps he contemplates stealing, some of these dark nights, there is no knowing what queer fancies may have got into his head.

If you find any symtoms of any one passing out of the path of duty, tell every one else what you see, and be particular to see a great many. It is a good way to circulate such things, though it may not benefit you particularly. Do keep something going—silence is a dreadful thing; though it is said there was silence in heaven for the space of half an hour, do not let any such thing occur on earth, it would be too much for this mundane sphere.

A Harem

A lady correspondent, writing of Turkish harem, says: "Each lady had three rooms to herself, and the furnishing of them was generally left to her taste or caprice. They were arranged very well, and the furniture was very handsome, but curious in form. A regular Turkish bed is something quite different from ours. There is no bedstead or mattress, but about thirty very thickly padded quilts, covered with silk or satin, laid one on top of the other on the floor until they are about two feet deep. The sheets are invarably of silk, embroidered, and the coverlid is a marvel of gold and silver embroidery on satin or velvet. The pillows are of pink, blue, or yellow satin, covered with beautiful lace. From the ceiling hangs a large jeweled and gilded hoop, and from this depend rich lace curtains, which encircle the bed. To hold their robes, they have innumerable brass-nailed camphor-wood trunks; and as one of these after another was turned out for me to see the contents, I began almost to lose my head in the confusion of colors and beauty of materials."

Death-Bed of Guizot.

The late M. Guizot left in dying a witness of his steadfast Christian faith which will probably be quoted more than any other passage his untiring pen has ever traced. He begins his testament with a comprehensive and unflinching statement of his faith not only in God, the Creator, but in Christ the Redeemer, and in the revelations of the Bible. But more striking still than this confession, is the confession of the dying sage of the limitations of knowledge and dogma. He says: "I bow before the mysteries of the Bible and the Gospel, and I hold aloof from scientific discussion and solutions by which men have attempted to explain them. I trust that God permits me to call myself a Christian, and I am convinced that is the light which I am about to enter, we shall fully discern the purely human origin and vanity of most of our dissensions here below on divine things." These are weighty words coming from a man who has throughout his long life been so fierce in controversy and so unyielding in points of doctrine as to gain himself the soubriquet of the "Protestant Pope."

Gossip.

We condemn gossip—scandal's twin sister—yet it is a fault easily committed. We begin by a gentle deprecatory reference to somebody's infirmity of temper, and we find ourselves specifying a particular time and scene, which straightway the one who hears tells to some one else with additions, slight, perhaps, but material. Before we know it, we have stirred up a hornet's nest. This may be done without any more potent motive than sincere love of fun; and half the gossip in the social world is of the unthinking kind indulged in merely from a spirit of drollery. Far worse is that other sort of talk which ends in slander and begins in malice, and which separates friends and sunders the ties of years of intercourse with its sharp and jarring discords. The only way to avoid this evil is to refrain from making the affairs of our friends a staple article of conversation in the household. There are plenty of subjects at hand—let us avoid personalities.

TWO KINDS.—There are two kinds of girls. One is the kind that appears best abroad—the girls that are good for parties, rides, visits, balls, etc., whose chief delight is in all such things. The other is the kind that appear best at home—the girls that are useful and cheerful in the dining room, the sick room, and all precincts of home. They differ widely in character. One is frequently a torment at home; the other is a blessing. One is a moth, consuming everything about her; the other is a sunbeam, inspiring life and gladness all along the pathway. Now it does not necessarily follow that there shall be two classes of girls. The right modification would modify them both a little, and unite their characters in one.

Don't Do It.

Don't bluster. A hen does her best work when sitting.

Don't kick a man when he is down. The poor devil may get up, some day.

Don't bustle. Those who bustle most, always come out behind.

Don't trust the man that will "do it for nothing." There's nothing in him.

Don't educate yourself for the stage. Any fool will do for a stage driver.

Don't imagine that you are wiser than your peers. The world will not mistake a heron for an owl.

Don't show partiality. It's wrong to pay all your money to your tailor and let your hash factor suffer.

Don't hold yourself responsible for the sins of your neighbor. Better let the Recording Angel keep their account.

A western editor having been invited to a masquarade ball given by a club in the town where he lived, in acknowledging the invitation, said: "There is a quiet sarcasm though of course not intended, in inviting a country editor who has but one suit, and that a poor one, to such an affair without accompanying the compliment with the necessary clothes. Were we to accept, we should be compelled to appear in the character of 'Adam before the fall.' This, though painful to admit, is literally the naked truth."

Nineteen years ago a Tennessee father refused to let his young daughter go to a candy-pull, and she disappeared. The other day she returned, lifted eleven children out of the wagon, and entered the house and took off her things as coolly as if she had not been gone over a day.

A little boy couldn't remember the text exactly, but thought it was something about a hawk between two pigeons. It was "Why halt ye between two opinions?"

HARDWARE STORE.

LAYTON RUNYON, BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A

keeps constantly on hand a Full and Complete Stock of

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE,

which he will sell to the Public at Prices so Low as to defy competition.

HIS STOCK CONSISTS IN PART OF

IRON, NAILS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS and PUTTY,

MECHANICS TOOLS AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

of all Grades and Latest Improvements,

BLACKSMITHS BELLOWS, ANVILS, SLEDGES, and HAMMERS.

Burden's Horse and Mule hoes, Horse Nails, &c.

PATENT WHEELS, OLD'S AND WARNER'S PATENTS,

Spokes, Heavy and Light, Carriage Mallebles,

Axles, Springs, Gum and Oil Cloths, Valentines Varnishes,

and a general Stock of

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKERS GOODS,

Building Materials, such as Duncannon Nails, Lewis' Lead, Best Colors, Pure Oils, &c., as low as they can be bought in the county

GIVE ME A CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

LAYTON RUNYON.

Sep. 11, 1874-tf.

NEW HARDWARE STORE!

J. F. WIDEMAN & CO.

Keep on Hand the LARGEST STOCK OF HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE In the County.

We have al so added to our Stock

PATENT WHEELS & SPOKES,

WHEELBARROWS,

GLASS, PUTTY, GRINDSTONES, &C.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE

In all its Branches, Carefully Selected and Purchased low for Cash giving us Advantages for Selling which can not be excelled by any other

Hardware Store in the Country.

GIVE US A CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

We GUARANTEE both in PRICE and QUALITY of our Goods.

The Largest Store in the Country.

May 29,74-tf. J. F. WIDEMAN & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa

Williamsport Commercial College.

The Cheapest and the Best Business College in the Country.

SCHOOL OPENS the 1st of September, 1874, and will continue without vacation until the last of June 1875. Students received at any time.

BOOK-KEEPING, ARITHMETIC, PENMANSHIP, TELEGRAPHING, PHONOGRAPHY, AND GERMAN, SPECIALTIES.

For Terms, Specimens of Penmanship, &c., address the Principal,

Sept. 18,74—3m J. F. DAVIS, Williamsport, Penn'a.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA,

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &c., &c.

Orders will receive prompt attention.

July1,73-tf

LIGHT STREET

BUGGY & CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY

H. F. OMAN hereby informs the public that he has entered into co-partnership with his brother, O. L. Oman, and that the business will hereafter be conducted under the firm name of

H. F. OMAN & BROTHER.

They will have on hand or manufacture to order BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, SPRING WAGONS, LIGHT WAGONS, ROAD WAGONS, and every thing in their line of business, of the best material and most complete workmanship, and at prices now as can be afforded.

A share of Public patronage is respectfully solicited.

H. F. OMAN & BROTHER.

4—1y.

KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY!

Grand Extraordinary Single Number Scheme for the Holidays.

(Authorized by Special Act of the Legislature.)

For the Benefit of the University of Paducah.

$600,000 to be distributed among the Holders of Tickets.

The Drawing to take place at COVINGTON, KENTUCKY, Saturday, Dec. 26, 1874.

No Discount on Prizes—Every Prize paid in full. SIMMONS, DICKINSON & CO., Managers.

SCHEME:

1 Prize of $100,000 is		$100 000
1 Prize of 50,000 is		50 000
1 Prize of 40,000 is		40 000
1 Prize of 3,000 is		3 000
1 Prize of 20,000 is		20 000
1 Prize of 10,000 is		10 000
10 Prizes of 5,000 are		50 000
500 Prizes of 200 are		100 000
3,063 Approximation Prizes, amounting to		200 000
5,576 Prizes amounting to		$600,000

Whole Tickets, $20.00; Halves, $10.00; Quarters, $5.00; Eighths, $2.50.

Remember that every Prize is drawn, and payable in full without deduction. These drawings are never postponed, take place regularly the last Saturday of each month. Send for circular. Address all orders to SIMMONS, DICKINSON & CO., Covington, Ky. Dec. 1—74—3t

BUSINESS CARDS, VISITING CARDS, LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, CIRCULARS, POSTERS, &c., &c., Neatly Printed.

BLOOMSBURG

MARBLE WORKS.

T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor,

MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

MONUMENTAL MARBLE WORK

We use the best AMERICAN and ITALIAN Marble. He has on hand and furnishes to order

MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES, URNS, VASES, &c.

Every variety of Marble cutting neatly executed at the lowest market prices.

A long practical experience and personal attention to business by the proprietor confident of giving satisfaction. All orders by mail promptly attended to. P. O. Box 276.

N. B.—Work delivered free of charge.

Aug. 21, 74-1y. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.

ROLLINS & HOLMES

Plumbers STEAM AND GAS Fitters,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware,

ALSO

Galvanised Iron Cornish, Awnings, and Wire Trellises.

Dealers in Furnaces, Stove Pipes, Mantles Pumps, &c. CORRELL'S BLOCK, Bloomsburg, Pa. Oct. 26,'74.—1y

CARRIAGE

MANUFACTORY,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

HAVE on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and every description of Wagons both PLAIN and FANCY,

Warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of

SLEIGHS

of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best material.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the county.

July 1, 1873—tf.

GAS! GAS!.

THATCHER & GEARHART,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THEIR SERVICES IN

Plumbing and Gas Fitting,

in which they have had many years of experience. All work of this kind warranted to be of the best description and executed in the most workmanlike manner.

Gas Pipe Laid at 12 Cents Per Foot!

Steam Engines and Boilers,

Steam and Hand Pumps,

Pipe and Fittings.

A Splendid Assortment of Chandeliers, Brackets, Lamps, Shades, Bronze Ornaments, &c.

EXQUISITE SLATE MANTELS,

THE CELEBRATED

JAPAN PAPER-WARE,

BUCKETS, BASINS, BOWLS, &c., &c.

Store Room in Bloomsburg, on Main Street, opposite St. Paul's Episcopal Church. Give them a call! Oct. 5,'74—tf

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

The BAZAR is edited with a contribution of taste and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.

The BAZAR commends itself to every member of the household.—To the children it droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and dressing gowns, to the whole family by its reading matter of the BAZAR is universal of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year.....$4.00

$4.00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10.00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7.00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every club of Five Subscribers at $4.00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20.00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven volumes of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1867, '68, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7.00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

WANTED AGENTS TO SOLICIT FOR THE PROVIDENT LIFE AND TRUST CO. of Philadelphia

ORGANIZED AND MANAGED BY FRIENDS.

Good risks of any class solicited. A very reliable and popular company, and easy to solicit for. Apply personally or by letter to the HOME OFFICE, Philadelphia. Nov 6,'74—3m

CHARLES CAMBLOS & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

18 South Third Street,

Dealers in Government Securities, Gold and Silver Coin and Bonds bought and sold on commission. Stock and Bonds bought and sold on commission.

CORN in the ear received on subscription at the COLUMBIAN office.

Gray's Ferry Printing Ink Works

PRATT & ROBINSON, 8 Spruce St., New York.

ROBINSON, Sansom St. 714 Philada.

BLACK AND COLORED PRINTING INKS.

C. E. ROBINSON, J. C. ROBINSON, JOHN M. PRATT, late of H. D. Wade & Co.

KEYSTONE CARRIAGE WORKS!

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A. S. CROSSLEY has on hand and for sale cheaper than the cheapest, for cash, or will exchange for old Wagons on reasonable terms

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, AND WAGONS

of every description both plain and fancy.

Portable Top Buggies, open Buggies, Plain and Fancy Platform Spring Wagons all of the latest style and made of good material and fully warranted.—Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I cannot be undersold. I claim that I make the best wagons for the least money.

I also do painting, trimming and repair old work at the shortest notice, old springs welded and warranted to stand or no pay. I will exchange a portable top buggy for any kind of lumber, such as hemlock, pine, ash, thin hickory and poplar to be delivered at my shop by the first of February, 1875. Immediate orders taken and McKelvy, Seal & Co's for repairing as cash.

July 1, 1873—tf. A. S. CROSSLEY.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored!

JUST published a new edition of Dr. CULVERWELL'S celebrated essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness, involuntary seminal weakness, impotency, Mental and physical incapacity, impediments to Marriage, etc.; also consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance Price, &c.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife: pointing out a mode of cure at once simple certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply privately, and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. SILLSBEE'S REMEDY FOR FITS. Send for circular.

Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,

127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586. April 24, '74—y

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

EXECUTED PROMPTLY

AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

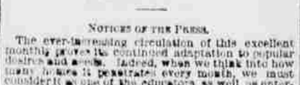
CARPETS! CARPETS!!

S. H. MILLER & SON

HAVE JUST RECEIVED and are offering for sale at very low prices one of the best assortments of CARPETS ever offered for sale in the town of Bloomsburg. They are all new and of the very latest styles. Prices vary from 20 cents to $1.00 per yard. Call and see them.

Oct. 26, '74—tf.

ROBERT ROAN



CABINET MAKER AND UNDERTAKER,

Iron Street, between Main and Third Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ALL kinds of Furniture made to order and broken furniture neatly repaired. The quality and prices of his work will compare with any that can be produced and he respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

Undertaking

Will be carefully and promptly attended to. When called upon during any hour of the day or night he will at once respond and lay out the dead. When female help in such cases is desired he will furnish the same.

Ready Made Coffins

both of WOOD and METALLIC WARE always on hand. He is also the the sole proprietor in Bloomsburg and surrounding districts for

Taylor's Patent Corpse Preserver

By which a corpse may be surely and carefully preserved in ice for any desirable length of time. The use of the Preserver may be obtained from him at any time. Scarfs, Shrouds, Gloves and mourning for Doors furnished when requested. Also, HEARSE and CONVEYANCES furnished.

Remember he is a Regular Undertaker and thoroughly understands his business. He will not be undersold by any in Bloomsburg or in the county.

ROBERT ROAN.

Dec. 11, '74—1y

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of its kind in the world."

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it has penetrated every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has led to a low by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—Boston Globe.

The character which this MAGAZINE possesses for variety, enterprise, artistic wealth, and literary culture that has kept pace with, if it has not led the times, would cause its conductors to regard it with justifiable complacency. It also entitles them to a great claim upon the public gratitude. The MAGAZINE has done good and not evil all the days of its life.—Brooklyn Eagle.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year.....$4.00

$4.00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10.00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7.00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every club of Five Subscribers at $4.00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20.00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2.50 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3. Cloth cases, for binding, 50 cents, by mail, postpaid.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

PAINTING,

GLAZING AND PAPERING.

WM. F. BODINE, Iron Street below second, Bloomsburg, Pa., is prepared to do all kinds of

PAINTING,

GLAZING,

and

PAPER HANGING

in the best styles, at lowest prices, and at short notice.

Parties having such work to do will have money by calling on him.

All work warranted to give satisfaction. Orders solicited

WM. F. BODINE.

Mar. 6, '74—1y.

JONES,

In Catawissa,

Has just opened 3 pieces

HEAVY BEAVER CLOTH,

Black and Blue for Ladies' Coats, at $3.50 and $5.00 per yard, double width,

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

DOUBLE SHAWLS,

In fancy, quiet and mourning colors from $6.00 to $10.00.

Ladies' Merino Vests at 87½ to $1.25.

Ladies' Merino Drawers at $1.10.

Children's Merino Shirts, 75 to 87½ cents.

Gents Shirts and drawers, 50, 62, 75, and 87 cents to $2.00.

Ladies' White and Colored Wool Hose 20 to 50 cents.

Ladies' Fancy Wool Hose, from 88 cts. up.

Full Line of Ladies' and Gents' Wool Hose, 12½, 16, 20, 30, 35 and 45 cents.

We have just received a full line of Children's regular

Knit Fancy Wool Hose,

all sizes, from 25 to 87½ cents.

FANCY LITTLE GLOVES & MITTENS For Children.

Ladies' Kid Lined Gauntlets, $1.25 to $1.50.

Ladies' Kid, Beaver and Otter top Gloves at $1.25 and $1.50.

DRESS GOODS from 20 cents to $1.00 per yard.

We sell only for cash, thus insuring lower prices than any party in town.

Call and examine at the

Popular Cash Store

OF

W. P. Jones,

IN

Hartman's Furniture Room.

LOWELL'S Commercial College Binghamton.

AN ACTUAL BUSINESS INSTITUTION AND TELEGRAPHIC INSTITUTE.

For information call at Office, or send for Circular. Advertises. June 26-6m

A New Idea!

A WILSON SHUTTLE Sewing Machine

FOR

50 Dollars!!

FARMERS, MERCHANTS, MECHANICS, AND EVERYBODY

Buy the World-Renowned

WILSON Shuttle Sewing Machine!

THE

BEST IN THE WORLD!

The Highest Premium was awarded to it at

VIENNA;

Ohio State Fair;
Northern Ohio Fair;
Amer. Institute, N. Y.;
Cincinnati Exposition;
Indianapolis Exposition;
St. Louis Fair;
Louisiana State Fair;
Mississippi State Fair;
and Georgia State Fair;

FOR BEING THE

BEST SEWING MACHINES,

and doing the largest and best range of work. All other Machines in the Market were in direct

COMPETITION!!

For Hemming, Felling, Stitching, Cording, Binding, Braiding, Embroidering, Quilting and Stitching fine or heavy goods it is unsurpassed.

Where we have no Agents we will deliver a Machine for the price named above, at the nearest Rail Road Station of Purchasers.

Needles for all Sewing Machines for Sale.

Old Machines taken in Exchange.

Send for Circulars, Price List, &c., and Copy of the Wilson Reflector, one of the best Periodicals of the day, devoted to Sewing Machines, Fashions, General News and Miscellany.

Agents Wanted

ADDRESS,

Wilson Sewing Machine Co.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

For local agencies in Columbia and Luzerne, apply to

BRADER & McGRAW, General Agents,

Beach Haven, Luzerne County, Pa.

June 19, '74—6m

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—"The Best, Cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

Harper's Weekly.

ILLUSTRATED.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

The WEEKLY is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and conservative, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers.—With a circulation of 150,000, the WEEKLY is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The WEEKLY maintains a position of political and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations often corroborative arguments of no small force.—N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.

Its papers upon current questions and its intimitable caricatures help to mould the sentiments of the country.—Pittsburg Commercial.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year.....$4 00

$4.00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10.00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7.00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every club of Five Subscribers at $4.00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20.00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7. 0 each. A complete set, comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $6.50 per volume, freight at expense of purchaser.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

LIVE AGENTS WANTED.

To sell DR. CHASE'S RECIPES; OR INFORMATION FOR EVERYBODY, in every County in the United States and Canadas. Enlarged by the Publisher to 648 pages. It contains over 250 household recipes, and is suited to all classes and conditions of society. A wonderful book and a household necessity. It sells at sight. Greater inducement ever offered to book agents. Sample copies sent by mail post paid, for $1. Exclusive territory given. Agents more than double their money. Address,

DR. CHASE'S STEAM PRINTING HOUSE, Nov. 20, '74—3m ANN ARBOR, MICH.

WANTED.

AT the Catawissa Paper Mill, One Hundred tons of Rye, Wheat and Oats STRAW. Cash delivery. Oct. 16, '74—3m E. B. GUIE.

VINEGAR BITTERS

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

If men will enjoy good health, let them use VINEGAR BITTERS as a medicine, and avoid the use of alcoholic stimulants in every form.

[illegible] Bitters are [illegible] and remain long [illegible] their forms are not destroyed as mental powers or other means [illegible] are wasted beyond repair.

Depraved Constitutions made Vinegar Bitters the most wonderful Invigorator that was ever known. It is a complete system.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no other remedy we can rely upon equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc., etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Typesetters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Jaundice.—In all cases of jaundice, rest assured that your liver is not doing its work. The only sensible treatment is to promote the secretion of the bile and favor its removal. For this purpose use VINEGAR BITTERS.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & Co.,

Druggists and General Agents, San Francisco, California, and cor. Washington and Charlton Sts., New York.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

Sept. 5, 74—6m.

H. W. JOHN'S Patent Asbestos ROOFING PAINT

ASBESTOS ROOFING PAINT

Patronized and Sole Manufactory, ESTABLISHED 1858.

H. W. JOHNS, 87, Maiden Lane, N.Y.

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.

Organs and Meodeons.

THE OLDEST, LARGEST AND BEST PERFECT

Manufactory in the United States.

54 000

Now in use.

No other Musical Instrument ever obtained the same popularity.

Send for Price Lists.

Address, BUFFALO, N. Y.

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

NOV. 9th, 1874.

TRAINS LEAVE REPEAT AS FOLLOWS, SUNDAY EXCEPTED

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Potteville Tamaqua, &c., 11.55 a. m.

For Catawissa, 11.55 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6.38 a. m. and 4.05 p. m.

TRAINS FOR REPEAT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED)

Leave New York, 9.00 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9.15 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11.55 a. m., Potteville, 12.50 p. m. and Tamaqua, 1.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 6.50 a. m. and 4.50 p. m.

Leave Williamsport, 9.30 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.

Passengers to and from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTEN, General Superintendent.

May 8, 1874—tf.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after Nov. 16th, 1874, trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail 5.20 a. m. arrive Elmira.....11.50 a. m.
" " Canandaigua.....2.35 p. m.
" " Rochester.....5.05 "
" " Niagara.....7.40 "

Geneva accommodation 11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport 3.25 p. m.

Elmira Mail 4.15 p. m. arrive Elmira 10.30 a. m.

Buffalo Express 7.35 a. m. arrive Buffalo 2.50 a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express 2.50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 4.50 a. m.
" " Baltimore 8.40 "

Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg 1.30 p. m.
" " Washington 10.30 "
" " Baltimore 6.30 "
" " Washington 8.35 "

Harrisburg accommodation 8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg 10.50 p. m.
" " arrive Baltimore 2.30 a. m.
" " Washington 6.12 "

Erie Mail 12.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 3.00 a. m.
" " Baltimore 8.40 "
" " Washington 10.55 "

All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent

A. J. CASSATT, General Manager

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

ON and after SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 15th, 1874, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia.....12.55 p. m
" " " Harrisburg.....5.00 p. m
" " " Williamsport.....9.15 p. m
" " " Lock Haven.....10.30 p. m
" " arrive at Buffalo.....9.00 a. m

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia.....11.50 p. m
" " " Harrisburg.....4.55 a. m
" " " Williamsport.....8.35 a. m
" " " Lock Haven.....9.50 a. m
" " " Renovo.....11.10 a. m
" " arr. at Erie.....8.05 p. m

ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia.....8.00 a. m.
" " " Harrisburg.....1.20 p. m.
" " " Williamsport.....6.00 p. m.
" " arr. at Lock Haven.....7.30 p. m.

LOCK HAVEN ACCOM. leaves Harrisburg 9.15 a. m.
" " " " Williams.....1.05 p. m.
" " " " Lock Hav.....4.10 p. m.

: o :

EASTWARD.

PHILA EXPRESS leaves Lock Haven.....6.40 a. m.
" " " Williamsport.....7.50 a. m.
" " arrives at Harrisburg.....12.00 a. m.
" " Philadelphia.....4.10 a. m.

ERIE MAIL leaves Erie.....11.30 a. m.
" " " Renovo.....8.35 p. m.
" " " Lock Haven.....8.05 p. m.
" " " Williamsport.....10.50 p. m.
" " arr. at Harrisburg.....2.30 a. m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia.....6.50 a. m.

ELMIRA MAIL leaves Lock Haven.....9.a. m.
" " " Williamsport.....1.10 p. m.
" " " Sunbury.....2.40 p. m.
" " arr. at Harrisburg.....3.50 p. m.
" " Philadelphia.....6.40 p. m.

NIAGARA EXPRESS leaves Kane.....9.0 a. m.
" " " Renovo.....4.00 p. m.
" " " Lock Haven.....5.30 p. m.
" " " Williamsport.....6.50 p. m.
" " " Sunbury.....8.40 p. m.
" " arr. at Harrisburg.....10.50 p. m.
" " Philadelphia.....4.10 a. m.

Mail East connects east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. R. W. and at Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. W. and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Elmira Mail and Buffalo Express make close connections at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north and at Harrisburg with N. C. R. W. trains south.

WM. A. BALDWIN, General Supt.

Jan. 8, 75—tf

AGENTS, 40,000 Boxes Chang Chang sold last month. Enables any one to polish shirts, collars and cuffs equal to new. Costs only one cent to do a large ironing. Saves labor, starch and all necessary as soap and soda at 1/3 price. Warranted. Book and Circulars furnished with Steady employment, particulars free. Any Agent can